4.4 Multiply Polynomials by Monomials

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x(3 x+1) \\
= & (2 x(3 x)+(2 x(1) \\
= & 6 x^{2}+2 x
\end{aligned}
$$

ex. $2(x+5)$

$$
=2(x)+2(5)
$$

$$
=2 x+10
$$

$$
\text { 3. } \begin{aligned}
& (-3)(4 t-8) \\
= & (-3)(4 t)-(-3)(8) \\
= & -12 t--24 \\
= & -12 t+24
\end{aligned}
$$

5. $-4(8<-7)$

DISTRIBUTiVE PROPERTY - expanding by multiplying the monomial by each term in the poly nominal

$$
\begin{aligned}
\operatorname{exd} & 3(4 t-8) \\
= & 3(4 t)-3(8) \\
= & 12 t-24
\end{aligned}
$$

4. $(-2)(5 c+3)$

$$
=(-2)(5 c)+(-2)(3)
$$

$$
=-10 c+-6
$$

$$
=-10 c-6
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& =(-4)(8 c)-(-4)(7) \\
& =-32 c--28 \\
& =-32 c+28 \tag{5x-3}
\end{align*}
$$

6. $4 x(5 x-3) \quad 4 x^{4}$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
=(4 x)(5 x)-(4 x)(3) & \text { SAME }(5 x)(4 x)-3(4 x) \\
=20 x^{2}-12 x & =20 x^{2}-12 x
\end{array}
$$

8. expand and simplify

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6(x+3)-7(2-4 x) \\
= & 6(x)+6(3)(-7)(2) \in(-7)(4 x) \\
= & 6 x+18-14+28 x \\
= & 34 x+4
\end{aligned}
$$

9. $\quad 5(x+3)-2(2 x-7)$

$$
=5(x)+5(3) \|(-2)(2 x)+(-2)(7)
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =5(x)+5(3) \|(-2)(2 x)+(-2)(1) \\
& =5 x+15-4 x+14 \\
& =x+29
\end{aligned}
$$

10. 



$$
p^{120 \#} \mid(\text { danitdanu) }, 4,5,7,9-12
$$

