

1.3 Operations with Functions. Composition.

Must know from Math 10:

If $f(x) = 2x + 1$

Determine:

$$f(a) =$$

$$f(3x) =$$

$$f(x^2 - 1) =$$

If $g(x) = -x^2 + x - 1$

Determine:

$$g(a) =$$

$$g(a - 1) =$$

It is possible to combine functions by a method called **composition**.

Example #1: If $f(x) = x - 1$ and $g(x) = x + 2$, determine the composition of f and g at point $x = 3$.

Visual Representation:

Algebra:

Example #2: If $f(x) = x^2 - 1$ and $g(x) = x - 2$, determine the composition of f and g at point $x = -1$.

Visual Representation:

Algebra:

For two functions f and g both defined on the real numbers, the composition is defined as

The _____ of function f must include the range of g .

Visual representation:

- 1) Evaluate the _____ function first. Replace $g(x)$ with the formula for g .
- 2) Use the _____ from the inner function as the input for the _____ function $f(x)$.
- 3) Write the answer in simplest form.
- 4) **Remember!**

It is possible to do the composite of a function with itself: $f \circ f$.

Do not confuse composition of function with multiplication! _____ does not mean _____.

Composition is not commutative: _____

Composition is used anytime a change in one quantity produces a change in another, which, in turn, produces a change in a third quantity. Example: The cost of travelling by car depends on the amount of gasoline used, and the amount of gasoline depends on the number of kilometers driven.

Problem #1

The function $f(d) = 0.73d$ converts Canadian dollars to Euros. The function $j(e) = 128e$ converts Euros to Japanese yen. Write a function that converts Can dollars to Japanese yen.

Problem #2

Consider $f(x) = \sqrt{x-2}$ and $g(x) = x^2$

Determine the following and find the domain, where necessary:

a) $(f \circ g)(2)$

b) $(f \circ g)(4)$

c) $(g \circ f)(3)$

d) $(f \circ g)(x)$

e) $(g \circ f)(x)$

f) $(g \circ g)(x)$

Problem #3

Given $f(x) = x + 1$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$, determine the following and find the domain:

a) $(f \circ g)(x)$

b) $(g \circ f)(x)$

c) $(g \circ g)(x)$

When **decomposing** a composite function, we ask what function is on the inside and what function is on the outside. There may be multiple answers to the question.

Problem #4

Find two functions, f and g , both containing the variable x , to make the following true.

a) $(f \circ g)(x) = 3x$

b) $(g \circ f)(x) = (\sqrt{x} - 2)^3 - 1$

c) $(f \circ g)(x) = \sqrt{x + 3}$

d) $(f \circ g)(x) = x^2 - 2x + 2$

Problem #5

Sketch the graph of $(f \circ g)(x)$ if $g(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ and $f(x) = x^2 + 1$.

