

PMATH 12 – FINAL NOTE OUTLINE – CH 1-8

CHAPTER 1 – Polynomial Expressions and Functions

1. dividing

2. factoring

3. polynomial functions and equations

4. solve problems

CHAPTER 2 – Radical and Rational Functions

1. radical functions

2. rational functions

CHAPTER 3 – Transforming Graphs of Functions

1. translating

2. reflecting

3. stretch, compress

graphical representation of exponential functions

4. combinations

graphical representation of exponential functions

5. inverse

graphical representation of exponential functions

CHAPTER 4 – Combining Functions

1. combine functions – graphically

-algebraically

2. composite functions

CHAPTER 5 – Exponential & Logarithmic Functions

1. exponential –functions $y = ca^{d(x-h)} + k$

-equations - solve $9^{x+1} = 243^{x+3}$

2. Logarithms – functions

$$\log_b c = a \text{ then } c = b^a \quad \log_b b^n = n$$

-laws – product

$$\log_b xy = \log_b x + \log_b y$$

quotient

$$\log_b \frac{x}{y} = \log_b x - \log_b y$$

power

$$\log_b x^k = k \log_b x$$

-equations

$$y = c \log_a d(x - h) + k$$

CHAPTER 6 – Trigonometry

1. trig ratios – standard position – 4 quads, CAST, 30,45,60

2. radian – π radians – 180 – RAD “mode” on calculator

3. trig functions – transformations

$$y = a \sin b(x - c) + d$$

$$y = a \cos b(x - c) + d$$

CHAPTER 7 – Trigonometry Equations & Identities

1. solve trig equations – graph, algebra

2.Identities-reciprocal, quotient, Pythagorean, sum/diff, double angle (formula sheet)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Reciprocal identity: } & \sec^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta \\ \text{Quotient identities: } & \tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}, \quad \cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \\ \text{Pythagorean identities: } & \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1, \quad \sec^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta = 1, \quad \csc^2 \theta - \cot^2 \theta = 1 \end{aligned}$$

CHAPTER 8 – Permutations & Combinations

1. fundamental counting principle

2.permutations $n P_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$

3.combinations $n C_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$

4.binomial theorem $(x+y)^n = {}_n C_0 x^n + {}_n C_1 x^{n-1}y + {}_n C_2 x^{n-2}y^2 + \dots + {}_n C_{n-1} xy^{n-1} + {}_n C_n y^n$

General term $(x+y)^n$ find the 'k'th term ${}_n C_{k-1} x^{n-(k-1)} y^{k-1}$