

Polynomial Review

3.1 1. a) NOT - x^{-1} polyn. must have positive exp.

b) 2

c) 6

d) NOT $x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ polyn. must have whole # exp.

2 LC

a) -1

b) 9

c) 3

d) -2

const

3

5

1

9

3. a) odd NOT

b) even min

c) odd NOT

d) even max

4. x int

a) -4, -5, 2

b) -6, 0

c) -1, -2, 5, 6

d) 0, -3, -5, 7

D

$x \in \mathbb{R}$

$x \in \mathbb{R}$

$x \in \mathbb{R}$

$x \in \mathbb{R}$

R

$y \in \mathbb{R}$

$y \leq 9$

$y \geq -12.25$

$y \in \mathbb{R}$

5. a) $x \rightarrow 3$ possible

b) $x \rightarrow 4$ "

c) $x \rightarrow 4$ "

d) $x \rightarrow 2$ "

$y = 3$

$y = 5$

$y = 1$

$y = 0$

6 a) quartic, even, both ends down, 4 poss. x int

max value, $y_{int} = -5$

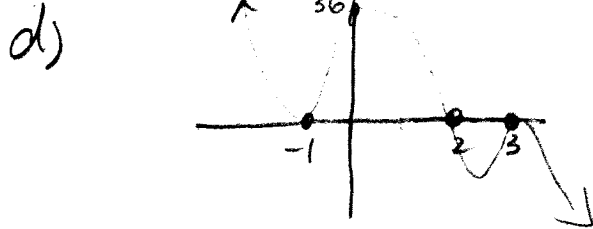
b) quintic, odd, - to +, 5 poss x int

no max/min, $y_{int} = 12$

7. a) odd degree, LC = neg \nearrow \searrow -

b) poss x int 3

c) $y_{int} = -2(1)(-2)(9) = 36$



8. a) quartic b) quintic c) cubic d) quad

9. a) 2

b) LC = -4.9 const = 60 - y_{int}.

c) $t \geq 0$ but must stop as object hit ground

time
Quad 1

so

$h = 0$

$0 = -4.9t^2 = 60$

$\frac{60}{4.9} = t^2$

$3.5 \approx t$

then $0 \leq t \leq 3.5$

d) ends go down

10.

3.2

1.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x-4 \overline{) x^2 - x - 15} \\
 \underline{-x^2 - 4x} \\
 3x - 15 \\
 \underline{-3x + 12} \\
 -3
 \end{array}$$

a) $\frac{x^2 - x - 15}{x - 4} = (x + 3) - \frac{3}{x - 4}$

b) $x = 4$

c) $(x + 3)(x - 4) - 3 = x^2 - x - 15$

d) $x^2 - x - 12 - 3$

$x^2 - x - 15$ LS = RS ✓

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x^3 - 6x^2 + 20x - 5 \\
 x+3 \overline{) x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x^2 + 55x - 11} \\
 \underline{-x^4 + 3x^3} \\
 -2x^3 + 2x^2 + 55x - 11 \\
 \underline{-(-2x^3 + 6x^2)} \\
 20x^2 + 55x - 11 \\
 \underline{-20x^2 + 60x} \\
 -5x - 11 \\
 \underline{-(-5x - 15)} \\
 4
 \end{array}$$

a) $\frac{x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x^2 + 55x - 11}{x+3} = (x^3 - 6x^2 + 20x - 5) + \frac{4}{x+3}$

b) $x+3$

3. a) $\frac{3x^2 - 13x - 2}{x-4}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3x^2 - 13x - 2 \\
 x-4 \overline{) 3x^2 - 13x - 2} \\
 \underline{-3x^2 + 12x} \\
 -x - 2 \\
 \underline{-(-x + 4)} \\
 -6
 \end{array}$$

b) $\frac{2x^2 - 20x + 85}{x+5}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2x^2 - 20x + 85 \\
 x+5 \overline{) 2x^3 - 10x^2 - 15x - 20} \\
 \underline{-2x^3 + 10x^2} \\
 -20x^2 - 15x - 20 \\
 \underline{-(-20x^2 - 100x)} \\
 85x - 20 \\
 \underline{-85x + 425} \\
 -445
 \end{array}$$

c) $\frac{2w^3 - 3w^2 + 4w - 10}{w+3}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2w^3 - 3w^2 + 4w - 10 \\
 w+3 \overline{) 2w^4 + 3w^3 - 5w^2 + 20w - 27} \\
 \underline{2w^4 + 6w^3} \\
 -3w^3 - 5w^2 + 20w - 27 \\
 \underline{+3w^3 + 9w^2} \\
 4w^2 + 20w - 27 \\
 \underline{-4w^2 - 12w} \\
 10w - 27 \\
 \underline{+10w + 30} \\
 3
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3w^2 + 10w + 52 \\
 4a) \quad w-5 \overline{) 3w^3 - 5w^2 + 2w - 27} \\
 \underline{- 3w^3 + 15w^2} \\
 10w^2 + 2w \\
 \underline{- 10w^2 + 50w} \\
 52w - 27 \\
 \underline{- 52w + 260} \\
 \hline
 \text{(233)}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2x^2 - 10x + 5 \\
 b) \quad x+1 \overline{) 2x^3 - 8x^2 - 5x - 2} \\
 \underline{- 2x^3 + 2x^2} \\
 -10x^2 - 5x \\
 \underline{+ 10x^2 - 10x} \\
 5x - 2 \\
 \underline{- 5x + 5} \\
 \hline
 \text{(7)}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3x - 19 \\
 c) \quad x+2 \overline{) 3x^2 - 13x - 2} \\
 \underline{- 3x^2 + 6x} \\
 -19x - 2 \\
 \underline{+ 19x + 38} \\
 \hline
 \text{(36)}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 -2 \mid 4 \quad 3 \quad -7 \quad 2 \quad -1 \\
 \quad \quad -8 \quad 10 \quad -6 \quad 3 \\
 \hline
 4 \quad -5 \quad 3 \quad -4 \quad 7 \\
 (4w^3 - 5w^2 + 3w - 4) R7
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2 \mid 1 \quad 2 \quad -8 \quad -5 \quad -2 \\
 \quad \quad 2 \quad 8 \quad 0 \quad -10 \\
 \hline
 1 \quad 4 \quad 0 \quad -5 \quad -12 \\
 x^3 + 4x^2 - 5 R-12
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 -1 \mid 5 \quad 0 \quad 2 \quad -1 \quad 4 \\
 \quad \quad -5 \quad 5 \quad -7 \quad 8 \\
 \hline
 5 \quad -5 \quad 7 \quad -8 \quad 12 \\
 5y^3 - 5y^2 + 7y - 8 R12
 \end{array}$$

$$6a) \quad 5 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 3 & -16 & 5 \\ & 15 & -5 \\ \hline 3 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right. R$$

$$b) \quad -3 \left| \begin{array}{cccc} 2 & -3 & -5 & 6 \\ & -6 & 27 & -30 \\ \hline 2 & -9 & 22 & -30 \end{array} \right. 179 R$$

$$c) \quad 2 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 5 & 0 \\ & 8 & 26 \\ \hline 4 & 13 & 26 \end{array} \right. 45 R$$

$$7a) \quad x = -2 \quad -4(-2)^4 - 3(-1)^3 + 2(0)^2 - 5(-2) = -25$$

$$b) \quad 7(-2)^5 + 5(-1)^4 + 2(0)^2 + 3 = -44$$

$$c) \quad 8(-2)^3 - 1 = -65$$

$$8a) \quad -1 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 3 & -4 & 6 \\ & -3 & 7 \\ \hline 3 & -7 & 13 \end{array} \right. -22$$

$$b) \quad 2 \left| \begin{array}{cc} 3 & -8 \\ & 6 \\ \hline 3 & -2 \end{array} \right. 0$$

$$c) \quad -5 \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 6 & -5 & -7 \\ & -30 & 175 \\ \hline 6 & -35 & 168 \end{array} \right. -831$$

$$9 \quad \begin{array}{r} 2(-3)^3 + 5(-3)^2 - k(-3) + 9 = 6 \\ -54 + 45 + 3k + 9 = 6 \\ 3k = 6 \\ k = 2 \end{array}$$

$$10. \quad \begin{array}{l} 4k^2 - 8k - 20 = 12 \\ 4k^2 - 8k - 32 = 0 \\ 4(k^2 - 2k - 8) = 0 \\ 4(k - 4)(k + 2) = 0 \\ k = 4, -2 \end{array}$$

6

3.3

1. a) $x = 6$
 $x - 6$

b) $x = -7$
 $x + 7$

c) $x = 2$
 $x - 2$

d) $x = 5$
 $x + 5$

2. a) $-4 - 3 + 2 - 1 + 5 = -1 \times$

b) $7 + 5 + 23 + 8 = 43 \times$

c) $2 - 3 - 5 + 6 - 1 = -1 \times$

d) $2 + 5 - 7 = 0 \checkmark$

3. a) $-3(-8) + 2(4) - 20 + 5 = 24 + 8 - 20 + 5 = 17 \times$

b) $5(4) + 6(-2) - 8 = 20 - 12 - 8 = 0 \checkmark$

c) $2(16) - 3(-8) - 5(4) = 32 + 24 - 20 = 36 \times$

d) $3(-8) + 24 - 2 = -24 + 24 - 2 = -2 \times$

4. a) $12 \rightarrow \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 4, \pm 6, \pm 12$

b) $-6 \rightarrow \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 6$

c) $-25 \rightarrow \pm 1, \pm 5, \pm 25$

d) $10 \rightarrow \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 5, \pm 10$

5. $x + 3$ $x - 4$ $x + 1$
zeros $\rightarrow -3, 4, -1$

6. a)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 1 & 1 & 2 & -13 & 10 \\ & & 1 & 3 & -10 \\ \hline & 1 & 3 & -10 & 0 \\ \hline & & & & x^2 + 3x - 10 \\ & & & & (x-1)(x+5)(x-2) \end{array}$$

b)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} 3 & 1 & -7 & 3 & 63 & -108 \\ & & 3 & -14 & -27 & 108 \\ \hline & 1 & -4 & -9 & 36 & 0 \\ \hline & & & & & x^3 - 4x^2 - 9x + 36 \\ 4 & 1 & -4 & -9 & 36 \\ & & 4 & 0 & -36 \\ \hline & 1 & 0 & -9 & 0 \\ \hline & & & & & x^2 - 9 \\ & & & & & (x-3)(x+3) \end{array}$$

 $(x-3)(x-4)(x+3)(x+3)$

c)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -1 & 1 & -1 & -26 & -24 \\ & & -1 & 2 & 24 \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & -24 & 0 \\ \hline & & & & x^2 - 2x - 24 \\ & & & & (x+1)(x-6)(x+4) \end{array}$$

6d)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} 1 & 1 & 0 & -25 & 0 & 25 \\ & & 1 & & -25 & -25 \\ \hline & 1 & & -25 & -25 & 0 \\ & x^3 & +x^2 & -25x & -25 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -1 & 1 & 1 & -25 & -25 \\ & & -1 & 0 & 25 \\ \hline & 1 & 0 & -25 & 0 \\ & x^2 & -25 & & \end{array}$$

$(x-1)(x+1)(x-5)(x+5)$

7.a)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -1 & 1 & 1 & -16 & -16 \\ & & & 0 & 16 \\ \hline & 1 & 0 & -16 & 0 \\ & x^2 & -16 & & \end{array}$$

$(x+1)(x-4)(x+4)$

b)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 4 & 1 & -2 & -6 & -8 \\ & & 4 & 8 & 8 \\ \hline & 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ & (x-4)(x^2+2x+2) & & & \end{array}$$

c)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 3 & 1 & 6 & -7 & -60 \\ & & 3 & 27 & 60 \\ \hline & 1 & 9 & 20 & 0 \\ & x^2 & +9x & +20 & \end{array}$$

$(x-3)(x+4)(x+5)$

d)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 5 & 1 & 0 & -27 & 10 \\ & & 5 & 25 & -10 \\ \hline & 1 & 5 & -2 & 0 \\ & (x-5)(x^2+5x-2) & & & \end{array}$$

8. a)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -1 & 1 & 4 & -7 & -34 & -24 \\ & & -1 & -3 & 10 & 24 \\ \hline & 1 & 3 & -10 & -24 & 0 \\ & x^3 & +3x^2 & -10x & -24 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 3 & 1 & 3 & -10 & -24 \\ & & 3 & 18 & 24 \\ \hline & 1 & 6 & -3 & 0 \\ & x^2 & +6x & -3 & \end{array}$$

$(x+1)(x-3)(x+6)(x+2)$

b)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrrr} 2 & 1 & 3 & -5 & 15 & 4 & 12 \\ & & 2 & 10 & 10 & -10 & -12 \\ \hline & 1 & 5 & 5 & -5 & -6 & 0 \\ & x^4 & +5x^3 & +5x^2 & -5x & -6 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -1 & 1 & 5 & 5 & -5 & -6 \\ & & -1 & -4 & -1 & 6 \\ \hline & 1 & 4 & 1 & -6 & 0 \\ & x^3 & +4x^2 & +x & -6 & \end{array}$$

$(x-2)(x+1)(x+1)(x+3)(x+2) \leftarrow x^4 + 5x^3 + 6x^2 - 6x - 12$

9^{a)}
$$\begin{array}{r|rrr} -2 & 1 & -8 & -20 \\ & & -2 & 20 \\ \hline & 1 & -10 & 0 \\ & & x^2 - 10x & \end{array}$$

$(x+2) \times (x-10)$

b)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrr} 7 & 1 & -3 & -k \\ & & 7 & 28 \\ \hline & & 4 & \end{array}$$

$-k + 28 = 0$
 $k = 28$

10. a) $k(3)^3 - 10(3)^2 + 2(3) + 3 = 0$
 $27k - 90 + 6 + 3 = 0$
 $27k = 81$
 $k = \frac{81}{27} = 3$

b) $4(3)^4 - 3(3)^3 - 2(3)^2 + k(3) - 9 = 0$
 $324 - 81 - 18 + 3k - 9 = 0$
 $3k = -216$
 $k = -72$

3.4

1. a) $x = -5, -2, 3, 6$
 b) $x^3 = 27$
 $x = 3$
 c) $x = -\frac{1}{3}, 4, 7$
 d) $x = 0, -4, -2$

2. a) $-4, -3, 2$
 b) \rightarrow on $(-4, -3)$ $(2, \infty)$
 $-4 < x < -3$ $x > 2$
 c) $x < -4$ $-3 < x < 2$
 $(\infty, -4)$ $(-3, 2)$

3. a) 3 b) $-$ c) $x = -4, -3, -2$ factors $(x+4)(x+3)(x+2)$

d) \rightarrow $x < -4$ $(\infty, -4)$ \rightarrow $-4 < x < -3$ $(-4, -3)$
 $-3 < x < -2$ $(-3, -2)$ $x > -2$ $(-2, \infty)$

4.

$x/4$	$x/4, -2y$	$x/4 - 1, -2y - 5$
$(-\frac{1}{2}, -8)$	$(-\frac{1}{2}, 16)$	$(-\frac{1}{2}, 11)$
$(-\frac{1}{4}, -1)$	$(-\frac{1}{4}, 2)$	$(-\frac{1}{4}, -3)$
$(0, 0)$	$(0, 0)$	$(-1, -5)$
$(\frac{1}{4}, 1)$	$(\frac{1}{4}, -2)$	$(-\frac{3}{4}, -7)$
$(\frac{1}{2}, 8)$	$(\frac{1}{2}, -16)$	$(-\frac{1}{2}, -21)$

$$5 \quad \begin{array}{c|c|c} 2x & 2x, \frac{1}{4}y & 2x+9, \frac{1}{4}y+3 \\ \hline (-4, -16) & (-4, -4) & (5, -1) \\ (-2, 1) & (-2, \frac{1}{4}) & (7, 3\frac{1}{4}) \\ (0, 0) & (0, 0) & (9, 3) \\ (2, 1) & (2, \frac{1}{4}) & (11, 3\frac{1}{4}) \\ (4, 16) & (4, 4) & (13, 7) \end{array}$$

6. a) 4 b) + opening c) $x = -6, -3, 1$ factors $(x+6)^2(x+3)(x-1)$
 d) $+$ $\rightarrow x < -6 \rightarrow (-\infty, -6)$
 $-6 < x < -3 \rightarrow (-6, -3)$
 $x > 1 \rightarrow (1, \infty)$
 $- \rightarrow -3 < x < 1 \rightarrow (-3, 1)$

7a)
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 1 & 1 & 4 & -1 & -4 \\ & & 1 & 5 & 4 \\ \hline & 1 & 5 & 4 & 0 \end{array}$$

 $x^2 + 5x + 4 = (x+4)(x+1)$
 $x = -1, -4, -1$

b) degree = 3
 end $-$ to $+$

c) -4

d)
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & | & & | & & | & \\ & - & -4 & + & -1 & - & 1 & + \\ + \rightarrow & -4 < x < -1 & \rightarrow & (-4, -1) \\ & x > 1 & \rightarrow & (1, \infty) \\ - \rightarrow & x < -4 & \rightarrow & (-\infty, -4) \\ & -1 < x < 1 & \rightarrow & (-1, 1) \end{array}$$

8

9a) $y = a(x-3)^2(x+1)$
 $18 = a(0-3)^2(0+1)$
 $2 = a$
 $y = 2(x-3)^2(x+1)$

b) $y = a(x+2)^3(x-4)^2$
 $-32 = a(2)^3(-4)^2$
 $-32 = a(128)$
 $-\frac{1}{4} = a$
 $y = -\frac{1}{4}(x+2)^3(x-4)^2$

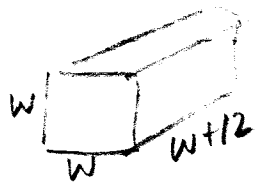
c) $y = a(x+1)^2(x-5)^2$
 $-10 = a(1)(25)$
 $-\frac{2}{5} = a$
 $y = -\frac{2}{5}(x+1)^2(x-5)^2$

10. $x(x+1)(x+2) = -504$
 $(x^2+x)(x+2)$
 $x^3 + 2x^2 + x^2 + 2x$
 $x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 504 = 0$

$-9 \mid \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 3 & 2 & 504 \\ & -9 & 54 & -504 \\ \hline 1 & -6 & 56 & 0 \end{array}$

$\rightarrow x = -9, -8, -7$

11.



$w h l$
 $w(w)(w+12) = 135$

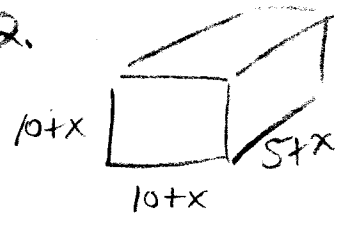
$w^3 + 12w^2 - 135 = 0$

$3 \mid \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 12 & 0 & -135 \\ & 3 & 45 & 135 \\ \hline 1 & 15 & 45 & 0 \end{array}$

$w^2 + 15w + 45$

$w = 3$
 $h = 3$
 $l = 15$

12.



$(10+x)(10+x)(5+x) = 1008$

$(100 + 20x + x^2)(5+x) - 1008 = 0$

$500 + 100x + 5x^2 + 100x + 10x^2 + x^3 - 1008 = 0$

$x^3 + 25x^2 + 200x - 508 = 0$

$2 \mid \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 25 & 200 & -508 \\ & 2 & 54 & -508 \\ \hline 1 & 27 & 254 & 0 \end{array}$

$10+x = 12$
 $10+x = 12$
 $5+x = 7$

Radical Functions Review

2.11

1. —

2. a) stretch vert 3, shift right 5 $D \rightarrow x > 5$ $R \rightarrow y$

b) reflect in x axis, shift up 7

c) compress vert 0.25, hor $\frac{1}{0.25} = 4$, shift down 3

d) reflect in y axis, shift left 1, down 5

3. a) $y = 2\sqrt{x} - 1$ D down 1	c) $y = 2\sqrt{x-1}$ C right 1	} no reflections (C OR D)
---------------------------------------	-----------------------------------	------------------------------

b) $y = -2\sqrt{x} - 1$
reflect vert.
A

c) $y = 2\sqrt{-(x-1)}$
reflect hor.
B

4. a) $y = 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}x}$

b) $y = \sqrt{-(x+2)} + 3$

c) $y = -\sqrt{3x} - 7$

d) $y = 5\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(x-6)}$
 $\uparrow \frac{1}{0.25}$

5. a) $y = 5\sqrt{x+7} - 2$
 \uparrow vert st 5
 \uparrow shift left 7
 \uparrow down 2

b) $y = -4\sqrt{-x} + 8$
 \uparrow reflect vert.
 \uparrow stretch vert
 \uparrow reflect hor.
 \uparrow up 8

c) $y = \sqrt{0.25(x-1)}$
 \uparrow hor. $\frac{1}{0.25} = 4$ str.
 \uparrow right 1

d) $y = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}(x+4)} - 3$
 \uparrow hor $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{3}} = 3$ str.
 \uparrow left 4
 \uparrow down 3

6 —

a) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -y) \rightarrow (x+3, -y+5)$

b) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, 4y) \rightarrow (3x, 4y)$

c) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -y) \rightarrow (\frac{x}{2}, -y)$

7 a) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+4, 2y-5)$
 b) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -3y+6)$
 c) $(x, y) \rightarrow (2x, -y+1)$
 d) $(x, y) \rightarrow (\frac{x}{2}-3, y+9)$

8. a) $-x \geq 0$
 $x \leq 0$
 $y \geq -4$

b) $x-4 \geq 0$
 $x \geq 4$
 $y \geq 0$

c) $x-4 \geq 0$
 $x \geq 4$
 $y \leq 4$

d) $x \geq 0$
 $y \leq 0$

9 a) $y = a\sqrt{b(x-7)} + 3$
 pt(8,5) $5 = a\sqrt{b(8-7)} + 3$
 $2 = a\sqrt{b}$
 $y = 2\sqrt{x-7} + 3$

b) $y = a\sqrt{b(x-3)}$
 pt(2,2) $2 = a\sqrt{b(-1)}$
 $2 = a\sqrt{b}$
 $y = 2\sqrt{-(x-3)}$

c) $y = a\sqrt{b(x+5)}$
 pt(-3,1) $1 = a\sqrt{b(2)}$
 $1 = a\sqrt{2b}$
 $y = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(x+5)}$

10 a) $y = \sqrt{-x-7}$
 $y = \sqrt{-(x+7)}$
 hor reflect, left 7

b) $y = \sqrt{2x-6} + 5$
 $y = \sqrt{2(x-3)} + 5$
 hor comp $\frac{1}{2}$, right 3, up 5

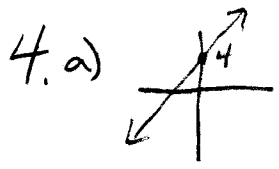
c) $y = \sqrt{-x+5} + 7$
 $y = \sqrt{-(x-5)} + 7$
 hor reflect, right 5, up 7

2.2

x	f(x)	$\sqrt{f(x)}$
-2	16	4
-1	9	2.8
0	4	2
1	1.96	1.4
2	1	1

2. a) $\sqrt{14} \checkmark$ 3.74 $\rightarrow (9, 3.74)$
 b) $\sqrt{r} \checkmark \rightarrow (p, \sqrt{r})$
 c) $\sqrt{7} \checkmark$ 2.65 $\rightarrow (-2, 2.65)$
 d) $\sqrt{-1} \times$

3 \rightarrow



4. a) $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $y \in \mathbb{R}$ c) \rightarrow d) $x \geq -4$ $y \geq 0$

5. a) $x \geq 4$ $y \geq 0$ b) $x \geq -9$ $y \geq 0$ c) $x \geq 9$ $y \geq 0$

6. a) $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $y \in \mathbb{R}$ $x \geq -5$ $y \geq 0$ b) $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $y \in \mathbb{R}$ $x \geq 3$ $y \geq 0$ c) $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $y \in \mathbb{R}$ $x \leq -10$ $y \geq 0$
restriction on $\sqrt{\quad}$

7. a) $x \leq -4$ $x \geq 4$ $y \geq 0$ b) $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $y \geq 2,2$ ($\sqrt{5}$) c) $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $y \geq 4,2$ ($\sqrt{18}$)

8 — 9 —
10 invariant - never changing

2.3

1. a) $\sqrt{x+1} + 3 = 5$
 $\sqrt{x+1} = 2$
 $x+1 = 4$
 $x = 3 \checkmark$

b) $\sqrt{4-3x} = 2$
 $4-3x = 4$
 $-3x = 0$
 $x = 0 \checkmark$

c) $\sqrt{0.5(3x-2)} = -1$
 $0.5(3x-2) = 1$
 $3x-2 = 2$
 $3x = 4$
 $x = \frac{4}{3} \times$
NO SOLUTION

d) $-3\sqrt{x+2} + 4 = 1$
 $-3\sqrt{x+2} = -3$
 $\sqrt{x+2} = 1$
 $x+2 = 1$
 $x = -1 \checkmark$

2a) $y = \sqrt{5x^2+11} - x - 5$ b) $y = x+3 - \sqrt{2x-7}$

c) $y = \sqrt{13-4x^2} - 2 + x$ d) $y = x + \sqrt{-2x^2+9} - 3$

3. a) $x = -4,4$ b) $x = -9$ c) $x = -7,2$ d) $x = -3$

4a) $\sqrt{2x+1} = 3$
 $2x+1 = 9$
 $2x = 8$
 $x = 4 \checkmark$

b) $\sqrt{x-3} = -4$
 $x-3 = 16$
 $x = 19 \times$

c) $\sqrt{4(x+3)} = 6$
 $4(x+3) = 36$
 $x+3 = 9$
 $x = 6 \checkmark$

d) $2\sqrt{x-1} = 10$
 $\sqrt{x-1} = 5$
 $x-1 = 25$
 $x = 26 \checkmark$

5a) $x = \sqrt{x+2}$
 $x^2 = x+2$
 $x^2 - x - 2 = 0$
 $(x-2)(x+1) = 0$
 $x = 2, -1 \times$

b) $\sqrt{x+4} = x-8$
 $x+4 = x^2 - 16x + 64$
 $0 = x^2 - 17x + 60$
 $(x-12)(x-5) = 0$
 $x = 12, 5 \times$

c) $\sqrt{x-1} = x-3$
 $x-1 = x^2 - 6x + 9$
 $0 = x^2 - 7x + 10$
 $(x-5)(x-2) = 0$
 $x = 5, 2 \times$

d) $x-2 = \sqrt{x+10}$
 $x^2 - 4x + 4 = x+10$
 $x^2 - 5x - 6 = 0$
 $(x-6)(x+1) = 0$
 $x = 6, -1 \times$

6.a) $\sqrt{x-2} = x-3$
 $x-2 = x^2 - 6x + 9$
 $= x^2 - 7x + 11$
 $x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{49-44}}{2}$
 $x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2} \quad x = 4.6, 2 \times$

b) $\sqrt{x+1} = 2x-5$
 $x+1 = 4x^2 - 20x + 25$
 $= 4x^2 - 21x + 24$
 $x = \frac{21 \pm \sqrt{441-384}}{8}$
 $x = \frac{21 \pm \sqrt{57}}{8} \quad x = 3.6, 1.7 \times$

c) $x\sqrt{3} = x-4$
 $3x^2 = x^2 - 8x + 16$
 $2x^2 + 8x - 16 = 0$
 $2(x^2 + 4x - 8) = 0$

$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16+32}}{2}$
 $x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{48}}{2} \quad x = 1.5, -1.5$

6d) $\sqrt{x^2 - 4} = 2x - 10$
 $x^2 - 4 = 4x^2 - 40x + 100$
 $= 3x^2 - 40x + 104$
 $x = \frac{40 \pm \sqrt{1600 - 1248}}{6}$
 $x = \frac{40 \pm \sqrt{352}}{6} \quad x = 9.8, 3.5$

7. a) $\sqrt{1-x} = -2$
 $x = -3x$

b) $\sqrt{1-x} = -2$
 \uparrow
 $\sqrt{\quad} = -$ NEVER! in TR

8. $10 = 3\sqrt{d}$
 $\frac{10}{3} = \sqrt{d}$
 $\frac{100}{9} = d$
 $11m = d$

9. a) $r = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{172}{\pi}}$
 $r = 3.7 \text{ cm}$
 b) $3.3 = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{A}{\pi}}$
 $6.6 = \sqrt{\frac{A}{\pi}}$
 $43.56 = \frac{A}{\pi}$
 $137 \text{ cm}^2 = A$

10. $\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-2} = 4$
 $\sqrt{x-2} = 4-x$
 $x-2 = 16 - 8x + x^2$
 $= x^2 - 9x + 18$
 $(x-6)(x-3)$
 $x = 3$

Rational Functions Review

16

9.1

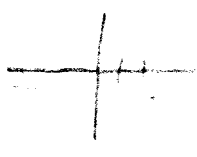
1. a) $y = \frac{4}{x} + 3$
 \uparrow up 3 B

b) $y = \frac{4}{x+3}$
 \uparrow +3 C

c) $\frac{4}{x-3}$
 R 3 D

d) $\frac{4}{x} - 3$
 D 3 A

2. $y = \frac{5}{x-2}$ $x=2$ NPV - non permissable values
 $y=0$



D - $x \neq 2$

R - $y \neq 0$

vert asy - $x=2$

hor asy - $y=0$

3. a) D $x \neq 1$
 R $y \neq 0$

$y_{int} = -3$
 $x_{int} = NO$

asy $\begin{cases} x=1 \\ y=0 \end{cases}$

b) D $x \neq 0$
 R $y \neq 6$

$y_{int} = NO$
 $x_{int} = -\frac{1}{3}$

asy $\begin{cases} x=0 \\ y=6 \end{cases}$

c) D $x \neq -4$
 R $y \neq -2$

$y_{int} = -3/4$
 $x_{int} = -1.5$

asy $\begin{cases} x=-4 \\ y=-2 \end{cases}$

d) D $x \neq -2$
 R $y \neq 8$

$y_{int} = 8.5$
 $x_{int} = -17/8 = -2.125$

asy $\begin{cases} x=-2 \\ y=8 \end{cases}$

4. a) $x=1$
 $y=2$

$y_{int} = -5$
 $x_{int} = -\frac{5}{2}$

b) $x=-2$
 $y=4$

$y_{int} = -\frac{3}{2}$
 $x_{int} = \frac{3}{4}$

5. a) $y = \frac{a}{x} \rightarrow y = \frac{3}{x}$

pt $\rightarrow 3 = \frac{a}{1}$
 (1,3)
 $a=3$

b) $y = \frac{a}{x} \rightarrow y = \frac{4}{x}$

pt $\rightarrow 2 = \frac{a}{2}$
 (2,2)
 $4 = a$

c) $y = \frac{a}{x-5} \rightarrow y = \frac{2}{x-5}$

pt $\rightarrow 2 = \frac{a}{6-5}$
 (6,2)
 $2 = a$

d) $y = \frac{a}{x+4} \rightarrow y = \frac{-2}{x+4}$

pt $\rightarrow 2 = \frac{a}{-5+4}$
 (-5,2)
 $-2 = a$

6. a) $7 = \frac{a}{6-5} + k$ } $1 = \frac{a}{4-5} + k$ b) \rightarrow

① $7 = a + k$ } ② $1 = -a + k$

① + ② $7 = a + k$
 $1 = -a + k$
 $\hline 8 = 2k$
 $\boxed{4 = k}$ \rightarrow ① $7 = a + 4$
 $\boxed{3 = a}$

7. \rightarrow

8. \rightarrow

9. a) $d = vt \rightarrow t = \frac{d}{v}$

b) $t = \frac{351}{65} = 5.4 \text{ h}$

c) $s = \frac{351}{A} \rightarrow A = \frac{351}{5} = 70.2 \text{ km/h}$

9.2

1. \rightarrow

2. $y = \frac{x+2}{(x+2)(x+1)} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{x+1} \rightarrow \text{asy. at } x = -1$

\rightarrow pt of disc. also $x = -2$ $y = \frac{1}{-2+1} \Rightarrow -1 = y$

3. \rightarrow

4. \rightarrow

5. $\rightarrow y = \frac{x(x+5)}{(x+5)(x+2)} = \frac{x}{x+2}$

pt disc. $x = -5$ \downarrow asy $x = -2$
 $y = \frac{-5}{-5+2} = \frac{5}{3}$

$x \neq -5$
 $x \neq -2$

$x \text{ int } y = 0$
 $0 = x(x+5)$
 \uparrow
 $(x+5)(x+2)$
 $0 = x(x+5)$
 \downarrow
 $x = 0$ ~~$x = -5$~~

$y \text{ int } x = 0$
 $y = \frac{0+0}{0+0+10} = 0$

5b) $y = \frac{(x-4)(x-3)}{(x-3)(x+3)} \rightarrow y = \frac{x-4}{x+3}$
 pt disc. $x=3$ asy $x \neq -3$
 $y = \frac{3-4}{3+3} = \frac{-1}{6}$

xint $y=0$
 $0 = (x-4)(x-3)$
 $x=4, 3$
 yint $x=0$
 $y = \frac{0-0+12}{0-9} = \frac{12}{-9} = \frac{4}{-3}$

c) $y = \frac{(x+4)(x+1)}{x+1} \rightarrow y = x+4$
 pt disc $x=-1$
 $y = -1+4 = 3$

xint $y=0$
 $y = (x+4)(x+1)$
 $x = -4, -1$
 yint $x=0$
 $y = \frac{0+0+4}{0+1} = 4$

d) $y = \frac{(2x-1)(x+3)}{x+3} \rightarrow y = 2x-1$
 pt disc. $x=-3$
 $y = 2(-3)-1 = -7$

xint $y=0$
 $0 = (2x-1)(x+3)$
 $x = \frac{1}{2}, -3$
 yint $x=0$
 $y = \frac{0+0-3}{0+3} = -1$

6. →

7.a) $y = \frac{x+4}{(x-4)(x+1)}$ asy. b) $\frac{x+4}{(x+4)(x+1)}$ pt + asy.

c) $\frac{x(x+4)}{x+4}$ pt.

8a) line → $y = x+2$ pt disc $x=3 \rightarrow (x-3)$ num + denom

b) line → $y = x-2$ pt disc $x=-2 \rightarrow (x+2)$ num + denom

c) asym $x=4 \rightarrow x-4$ denom pt disc. $x=-4 \rightarrow x+4$ num + denom

d) asy $x=-3 \rightarrow x+3$ denom
 pt disc. $x=-5 \rightarrow x+5$ num + denom

9. asym $x=2 \rightarrow x-2$ denom
 pt d/bc $x=-2.5 \rightarrow x+2.5$ num + denom.
 another pt $(6|-3)$

$$y = \frac{a(x+2.5)}{(x-2)(x+2.5)}$$

$$-3 = \frac{a(6+2.5)}{(6-2)(6+2.5)}$$

$$-12 = a$$

$x+2.5$ can be
 $x + \frac{5}{2}$
 $2x+5$

9.3 1.a) $\frac{2}{x-1} - 5 = \frac{4}{x-1}$ mult all by ^{LCD} $(x-1)$ to get rid of denom.
 $2 - 5(x-1) = 4$
 $2 - 5x + 5 = 4$
 $-5x = -3$
 $x = \frac{3}{5}$
 $x \neq 1$

b) $\frac{3}{x+5} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{x+3}{x+5}$ mult all by ^{LCD} $2(x+5)$
 $2(3) + 1(x+5) = (x+3)2$
 $6 + x + 5 = 2x + 6$
 $5 = x$
 $x \neq -5$

c) $\frac{8}{x} + \frac{x+6}{3x} + \frac{x-4}{6x} = \frac{8}{9}$ LCD = $18x$
 $18(8) + 6(x+6) + 3(x-4) = 2x(8)$
 $144 + 6x + 36 + 3x - 12 = 16x$
 $168 = 7x$
 $24 = x$
 $x \neq 0$

d) $\frac{x^2+2}{x} = \frac{2x+1}{2}$ cross mult
 $x \neq 0$
 $2x^2 + 4 = 2x^2 + x$
 $4 = x$

2a) $x = \frac{13}{x-9} - 3$

$x \neq 9$

$x^2 - 9x = 13 - 3x + 27$

$x^2 - 6x - 40 = 0$

$(x-10)(x+4) = 0$

$x = 10, -4$

b)

$x(x-3) = x+5 + 4(x-3)$

$x \neq 3$

$x^2 - 3x = x+5 + 4x-12$

$x^2 - 8x + 7 = 0$

$(x-7)(x-1) = 0$

$x = 7, 1$

c)

$(x+4)(x-7) = 4x+2$

$x \neq 7$

$x^2 - 3x - 28 = 4x+2$

$x^2 - 7x - 30 = 0$

$(x-10)(x+3) = 0$

$x = 10, -3$

d)

$(x+3)(2-x) = x^2$

$x \neq 2$

$-x^2 - x + 6 = x^2$

$0 = 2x^2 + x - 6$

$= (2x-3)(x+2)$

$x = 3/2, -2$

3a) $\frac{5}{x} + x - 6 = 0$

multipl. all by x
 $x \neq 0$

$5 + x^2 - 6x = 0$

$x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$

$(x-5)(x-1) \quad x = 5, 1$

b) →

c) x int are the roots also known as ZEROS/SOLUTION

4. a)
$$\left. \begin{aligned} y_1 &= 3x \\ y_2 &= \frac{6x}{2x-5} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{ find pts of intersection}$$

5. a)
$$\frac{x}{(x-3)} + 4 = x$$

b)
$$\frac{4}{(x+1)} - \frac{2}{(x-1)}$$

6. a)
$$x-1 = \frac{x}{x-4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 5x + 4 &= x \\ x^2 - 6x + 4 &= 0 \\ x &= \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36-16}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2} \begin{cases} 5.24 \\ 0.76 \end{cases}$$

b)
$$x+3 = \frac{x+2}{x-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + 2x - 3 &= x+2 \\ x^2 + x - 5 &= 0 \\ x &= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+20}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{21}}{2} \begin{cases} 1.79 \\ -2.79 \end{cases}$$

c)
$$\frac{3}{5x+1} + x = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 + 5x^2 - 2x &= 25x - 10 \\ 5x^2 - 27x + 13 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \frac{27 \pm \sqrt{729-260}}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{27 \pm \sqrt{469}}{10} \begin{cases} 4.87 \\ 0.53 \end{cases}$$

7 a)
$$y_1 = 2x \div (x-1) + 3x - (x-3) \div (x+1) \rightarrow$$

b)
$$y_1 = 4 - 3 \div (x-7) - 9 + (x+3) \div x \rightarrow$$

8.
$$\frac{18}{(n-3)(n+3)} + 1 = \frac{11}{n+3}$$

$$18 + n^2 - 9 = n(n-3)$$

$$n^2 + 9 = n^2 - 3n$$

$$9 = -3n$$

$$-3 = n \text{ but}$$

LCD = (n+3)(n-3) x all by

$$n \neq 3, -3$$

So NO solution

9. Carmen: c hrs
James: $c + 9$ hrs
LCD: $c(c+9)$

$$\frac{20}{c} + \frac{20}{c+9} = 1 \text{ job}$$
$$20c + 180 + 20c = c^2 + 9c$$
$$0 = c^2 - 31c - 180$$
$$c = \frac{31 \pm \sqrt{961 + 720}}{2}$$

$c = 36$, ~~45~~
Carmen = 36 hrs, James 45 hrs

1.1 Transformations Review

- 1 first up 3 2nd down 2
- 2 " left 4 " right 5

- 3 a) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+3, y+6)$
- b) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, y-4)$
- c) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-2, y+4)$
- d) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+1, y-2)$

- 4 a) left 2 up 3 b) right 5 down 7
- c) left 4 d) up 6

- 5 $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-3, y+5)$
- A $(-2, 0) \rightarrow (-5, 5)$
- B $(-1, 3) \rightarrow (-4, 8)$
- C $(2, 3) \rightarrow (-1, 8)$
- D $(5, 1) \rightarrow (2, 6)$

6. a) $A(2, 0) \rightarrow A'(1, -4)$ b) $y = f(x+1) - 4$
 $(x-1, y-4)$

7 a) $h = -3, k = 2$ $y = (x+3)^2 + 2$ b) $h = 5, k = -1$ $y = |x-5| - 1$

c) $h = 9, k = -5$ $y = g(x-9) - 5$ d) $h = -4, k = 9$ $y = \frac{1}{x+4} + 9$

8 $y = x^2$
 $x=3 \rightarrow y=9 - 4 = 5$

1.2 $1 \rightarrow$ invariant - shared/same

$2 \rightarrow$
 $3 \rightarrow (x,y) \rightarrow (x, 2y)$ $A(-2,0)$ $B(-1,6)$ $C(2,6)$ $D(5,2)$

$4. (x,y) \rightarrow (3x, y)$ $A(-6,0)$ $B(-3,3)$ $C(6,3)$ $D(15,1)$
 $(0,3)$ same

5. a) $(x,y) \rightarrow (x, 3y)$ b) $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x, y)$
 c) $(x,y) \rightarrow (x, -y)$ d) $(x,y) \rightarrow (-\frac{x}{3}, y)$

$6 \rightarrow$
 7. reflect in x axis $\rightarrow a = -$
 stretch horizontal $B(-1,2)$ $C(1,2)$ $B'(-3,-1)$ $C'(3,-1)$ $f(x) = -f(\frac{1}{3}x)$
 $x^3 \rightarrow \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{3}$

8. $(x,y) \rightarrow (2x, \frac{1}{3}y)$ $-8 \leq x \leq 16$
 $-2 \leq y \leq 4$

9. $(x,y) \rightarrow (\frac{x}{3}, -2y)$ $-4 \leq x \leq 6$
 $6 \leq x \leq -12$
 ↩ reverse

10. $(x,y) \rightarrow (-3x, y)$ $x = -4 \rightarrow 12$
 $x = 5 \rightarrow -15$

1.3 $2 \rightarrow$ a) $a=3, b=-, h=-3, k=-2$
 b) $b=\frac{1}{2}, a=-, k=7$
 c) $b=4, h=5, k=-1$
 d) $a=\frac{1}{3}, b=2, a=-$

3-
 4. a) $y = 2f(5(x-3))$
 vert st. ↑
 hor comp $\frac{1}{5}$ ↑
 right 3

b) $y = \frac{1}{4}f(-(x-7))$
 reflect vert ↑
 reflect hor ↑
 right 7

4c) $y = f(3(x+4))$
 horizontal stretch by 1/3
 left 4

5 a) $a = -$
 b) $b = \frac{1}{5}$
 $(x, y) \Rightarrow (5x, -y)$
 $(-2, 0) \rightarrow (-10, 0) \rightarrow$ must be $(-7, 0)$
 +3
 h=5

- 6. a) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+b, y-8) \rightarrow (-12, 4)$
- b) $(x, y) \rightarrow (\frac{x}{b}, 2y) \rightarrow (-3, 24)$
- c) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-5, -3y+4) \rightarrow (-23, -32)$
- d) $(x, y) \rightarrow (2x, -y) \rightarrow (-36, -12)$

1.4

- 7. \rightarrow
- 1. \rightarrow
- 2. \rightarrow a) $y = x^2$
 $x = y^2$
 $\pm\sqrt{x} = y$
 NOT FN.
- b) $y = |x|$
 $x = |y|$
 $x = y, x = -y$
 NOT FN.
- c) $x = 2y - b$
 $\frac{x+b}{2} = y$
 FN.
- d) $X = (y+4)^2$
 $\pm\sqrt{x} - 4 = y$
 NOT FN.

- 4. a) $x = 3y - b$
 $\frac{x+b}{3} = y$
- b) $x = \frac{1}{2}y + 5$
 $2(x-5) = y$
- c) $x = \frac{1}{3}(y+12)$
 $3x - 12 = y$
- d) $x = \frac{8y+12}{4}$
 $\frac{4x-12}{8} = y$
 $\frac{x-3}{2} = y$

- 5a) $D \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}$ $R \rightarrow y \geq 5$
- b) $x = (y-3)^2 + 5$
 $\pm\sqrt{x-5} + 3 = y$ $x \geq 5$
 $y \in \mathbb{R}$
- c) $x \geq 3$ or $x \leq 3$

- 6. a) $x = (y+4)^2$
 $\pm\sqrt{x} - 4 = y$
- b) $x = y^2 - 1$
 $\pm\sqrt{x+1} = y$
- c) $x = (y-2)^2 + 5$
 $\pm\sqrt{x-5} + 2 = y$

- d) $x = (y-5)^2 - 9$
 $\pm\sqrt{x+9} + 5 = y$
- 7a) $x \geq 0$
 $x \leq 0$
- b) $x \geq -4$
 $x \leq -4$
- c) $x \leq 3$
 $x \geq 3$
- d) $x \geq 0$
 $x \leq 0$

8. $y = x + 8$
 $x = y - 8$
 $x + 8 = y = f^{-1}(x)$

a) $f^{-1}(4) = 4 + 8 = 12$
 b) $f^{-1}(-2) = -2 + 8 = 6$
 c) $f^{-1}(8) = 8 + 8 = 16$
 d) $f^{-1}(0) = 0 + 8 = 8$

9 →

10.1

COMBINING FUNCTIONS

1a) $\sqrt{x-4} + 12$ b) $\frac{2x+7}{x} + \frac{5x-1}{x} = 7x - 4$
 c) $\frac{x^2-3x-1}{x} + \frac{y^2-x+5}{y} = 2x^2 - 4x + 3$ d) $x^2 + 8x + 16 - 7x + 1 = y^2 + x + 17$

2. a) $3x - 5 + x^2 + 1 = x^2 + 3x - 4$ b →

c) $x \in \mathbb{R} \quad y \geq -6.25$

3 a) $10 - |x+3|$ b) $2x - 5 - (x+3)$

$2x - 5 - x - 3 = x - 8$

c) $x^2 + x + 2 - 2x^2 = 3x = -x^2 + 4x + 5$ d) $4x - 6 - (x^2 - 4x + 4)$
 $4x - 6 - x^2 + 4x - 4 = -x^2 + 8x - 10$

4 a) $x^2 + 2x + 1 - 3x = x^2 - x + 1$ b →

c) $x \in \mathbb{R} \quad y \geq 0.75$

5. a) $x^2 - 6 + \sqrt{x-1}$ $x \geq 2, y \geq -2$ $2^2 - 6 + \sqrt{2-1} = 4 - 6 + 1 = -1$

b) $\sqrt{x-1} - 2x + 1$ $x \geq 2, y \leq -3$

c) $2x - 1 - \sqrt{x-2}$ $x \geq 2, y \geq 3$

d) $x^2 - 6 + 2x - 1 = x^2 + 2x - 7$ $x \in \mathbb{R} \quad y \geq -8$

6. d) $x^2 - 7 + 4x + 5 = x^2 + 4x - 2$ b) $x^2 - 7 - 4x - 5 = y^2 - 4y - 12$
 $2^2 + 4(2) - 2 = 10$ $1^2 - 4(1) - 12 = -15$

c) $4x + 5 + x^2 - 7 = x^2 + 4x - 2$
 $1^2 + 4 - 2 = 3$

7. $x \mid f(x) \mid g(x) \mid f+g$ 8 →

4	1	3	4
-1	4	2	6
-4	7	1	8
-5	8	0	8

9. a) $x^2 + 5x - 2 - 3x + 4 \Rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 2 = g(x)$
 b) $\sqrt{x-7} + 1 - 3x + 4 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x-7} - 3x + 5 = g(x)$
 c) $3x + 5 - 3x + 4 \Rightarrow 9 = g(x)$
 d) $2x^2 - 1x + 4 - 5x + 1 \Rightarrow 2x^2 - 10x + 8 = g(x)$

10 a) $C = 2500 + 14p$
 Rev. 65p

b \rightarrow

c) $2500 + 14p = 65p$
 $2500 = 51p$
 $50 \approx p$

10.2

1. a) $(x+3)(2x-5)$
 $= 2x^2 - 5x + 6x - 15$
 $= 2x^2 + x - 15$

b) $(2x-3)(3x+1)$
 $= 6x^2 + 2x - 9x - 3$
 $= 6x^2 - 7x - 3$

c) $(\sqrt{x-4})(x+2)$
 $x\sqrt{x-4} + 2\sqrt{x-4}$

d) $(\sqrt{x+1})(\sqrt{3-y})$

2 —

3 a) $\frac{x+3}{2x-5}$ $x \neq \frac{5}{2}$

$y \neq \frac{\frac{x}{x} + \frac{3}{x}}{\frac{2x}{x} - \frac{5}{x}} = \frac{1+0}{2-0} = \frac{1}{2}$

b) $\frac{2x-3}{3x+1}$ $x \neq -\frac{1}{3}$

$y \neq \frac{\frac{2x}{x} - \frac{3}{x}}{\frac{3x}{x} + \frac{1}{x}} = \frac{2-0}{3+1} = \frac{2}{3}$

c) $\frac{\sqrt{x-4}}{x+2}$ $x \neq 2$
 $x \geq 4$

$0 \leq y \leq 0.2$ approx

d) $\frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{3-y}}$ $x \geq -1$
 $x \leq 3$

$0 < y \leq 5$ approx

4 —

5. a) $(x+1)(2x+1) = 2x^2 + 3x + 1$ $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $y \geq -0.125$

b) $(x+1)(2x^2+7x+3) = 2x^3+7x^2+3x$

$\frac{2x^3+7x^2+3x}{2x^3+7x^2+10x+3}$

$x \in \mathbb{R}$ $y \in \mathbb{R}$

c) $\frac{2x+1}{x+1}$ $x \neq -1$ $y \neq 2$

d) $\frac{6x+1}{2x+1}$ $x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$ $y \neq 2\frac{1}{2}$

$$6.a) (x^2 + 4x + 3)(x - 5) = x^3 + 4x^2 + 3x - 5x^2 - 20x - 15$$

$$\frac{-5x^2 - 20x - 15}{x^3 - x^2 - 17x - 15}$$

$x \in \mathbb{R}, y \in \mathbb{R}$

b) $(x-4)(x^2-16) = x^3 - 16x - 4x^2 + 64$

$x \in \mathbb{R}, y \in \mathbb{R}$

c) $\frac{1}{(x-3)} \cdot \frac{1}{(x+1)}$ $x \neq 3$ $y \neq 0$
 $x \neq -1$

7	x	f(x)	g(x)	f/g	g/f
	-1	4	3	12 (a)	
	2	1	-3	-3 (b)	
	1	4	-1	-4 (c)	
	3	-4	-5	4/5 (d)	5/4 (e)
	0	5	1		1/5 (e)
	-2	1	5		5 (e)

8-

9 a) $\frac{f(x)}{h(x)} = g(x)$ $x^2 + 3x + 2 \cdot \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 11x + 6}{x^2 + 3x^2 + 2x}$ $\frac{x+3}{1} \cdot g(x)$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3 + 6x^2 + 11x + 6 \\ - (x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x) \\ \hline 3x^2 + 9x + 6 \\ 3x^2 + 9x + 6 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

b)-

10 a) $(x+1)(x-5)(x-4)$
 $= (x^2 - 4x - 5)(x - 4)$
 $= x^3 - 4x^2 - 5x - 4x^2 + 16x + 20$
 $x^3 - 8x^2 + 11x + 20$

b) $\frac{(x+1)(x-5)}{x-4} = \frac{x^2 - 4x - 5}{x-4}$

c) $\frac{2x-4}{x-4}$

10.3

1. a) $g(1) = -2(1) + 7 = 5$ $f(5) = 3(5) - 5 = 10$

b) $g(-4) = -2(-4) + 7 = 15$ $f(15) = 3(15) - 5 = 40$

c) $f(-2) = 3(-2) - 5 = -11$ $g(-11) = -2(-11) + 7 = 29$

d) $f(3) = 3(3) - 5 = 4$ $g(4) = -2(4) + 7 = -1$

$$2. a) g(1) = 1^2 + 3(1) + 4 = 8 \quad f(8) = 8 - 2(8) = -8$$

$$b) g(-4) = (-4)^2 + 3(-4) + 4 = 8 \quad f(8) = -8$$

$$c) f(-2) = 8 - 2(-2) = 12 \quad g(12) = 12^2 + 3(12) + 4 = 184$$

$$d) f(3) = 8 - 2(3) = 2 \quad g(2) = 2^2 + 3(2) + 4 = 14$$

$$3. a) g(7) = -1 \quad f(-1) = 7$$

$$b) g(-1) = 3 \quad f(3) = 0$$

$$c) f(1) = 1 \quad g(1) = -1$$

$$d) f(7) = 5 \quad g(5) = -2$$

$$4. a) f(-1) = 4 \quad g(4) = 4 \quad b) f(-2) = 5 \quad g(5) = 6$$

$$c) g(1) = -2 \quad f(-2) = 5 \quad d) g(2) = 0 \quad f(0) = 3$$

$$5. a) g(a) = a^2 + 6 \quad f(g(a)) = 2(a^2 + 6) - 9 = 2a^2 + 12 - 9 = 2a^2 + 3$$

$$b) f(a) = 2a - 9 \quad g(f(a)) = (2a - 9)^2 + 6 = 4a^2 - 36a + 81 + 6 = 4a^2 - 36a + 87$$

$$c) f(g(x)) = 2(x^2 + 6) - 9 = 2x^2 + 12 - 9 = 2x^2 + 3$$

$$d) g(f(x)) = (2x - 9)^2 + 6 = (b)$$

$$e) f(f(x)) = 2(2x - 9) - 9 = 4x - 18 - 9 = 4x - 27$$

$$f) g(g(x)) = (x^2 + 6)^2 + 6 = x^4 + 12x^2 + 36 + 6 = x^4 + 12x^2 + 42$$

$$6. a) f(g(x)) = (\sqrt{x+2})^2 - 5 = x + 2 - 5 = x - 3$$

$$b) \quad c) x \geq -2 \quad y \geq -2 - 5 = -7$$

$$7. f(g(x)) = \sqrt{x+5} + 2 = \sqrt{x+1} \quad x \geq -7 \quad y \geq 0$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x+2} + 5 \quad x \geq -2 \quad y \geq 5$$

8—

$$9. a) f(g(x)) = (\uparrow)^2 = x - 4$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$$

$$b) f(g(x)) = (\uparrow)^2 - 4 = x^2 + 6x + 5$$

$$g(x) = x + 3$$

Exponents Review

7.1

1- 2- 3- 4-

5.a) $y = 3^{-x}$ $9 = c^{-2}$ $3 = c^{-1}$ $y = (\frac{1}{3})^x$
 $3^2 = c^{-2}$ $3^1 = c^{-1}$
 $c^2 = \frac{1}{3}$ $c = \frac{1}{3}$

b) $6 = c^1$ $36 = c^2$ $y = 6^x$

c) $4 = c^2$ $y = 2^x$

d) $25 = c^{-2}$ $y = (\frac{1}{5})^x$
 $5^2 = \frac{1}{c^2}$

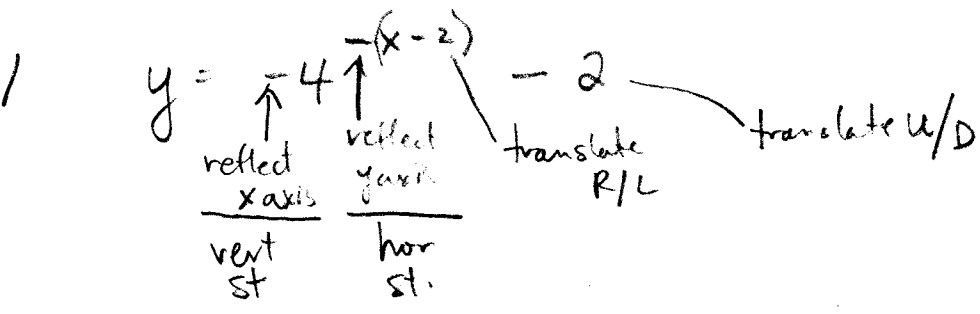
6. $P = 100 e^{-0.139(t)} = 50 \text{ kPa}$

7.a) 20% $\rightarrow 100 - 20 = 80\%$ left $\rightarrow 0.80$
 c) $t = 5$ subst.

8. $\frac{1}{2}$ life $\rightarrow 0.5$ $a = 100$
 $t = \text{time} \rightarrow \frac{t}{13}$

9-

7.2



2. a) decreasing graph - $(0,1)$ moved right 2
 b) decreasing graph that is reflected in ^{vert} y axis, stretched 2 $\rightarrow (0,1) \rightarrow (0,2)$
 c) " " " " " ^{vert} axis, hor. st. $\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow (0,1) \rightarrow (0,0.5)$
 d) " " " hor-st 2 $\rightarrow (0,1) \rightarrow (2,1)$

3. $y = 5^x$ | $y = -5^x$ | $y = -\frac{1}{2}(5)^x$ | $-\frac{1}{2}(5)^{x+4} - 6$
 (x, y) | $(x, -y)$ | $(x, -\frac{1}{2}y)$ | $(x-4, -\frac{1}{2}y-6)$

4. a) $a=4$ vert st $b=1$ no change $h=0$ no change $k=6$ up
 b) $a=-1$ reflect in x $b=1$ " $h=4$ right $k=0$ no change
 c) $a=3h$ vert st. $b=4$ horst $\frac{1}{4}$ $h=9$ right $k=-8$ down
 d) $a=\frac{1}{2}$ " " $b=-\frac{4}{5}$ " " $\frac{5}{4}$ + reflect in y $h=-2$ L $k=\frac{1}{4}$ u

5. a) $(x, y) \rightarrow (2x+1, y+7)$
 b) $(x, y) \rightarrow (\frac{1}{2}x-5, -3y)$
 c) $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+b, \frac{1}{2}y-5)$

6. a) vert st $\rightarrow a=3$, reflect y $\rightarrow b=-$, 4L $h=-4$, 3D $k=-3$
 b) horst $\rightarrow b=2$, " x $\rightarrow a=-$, 7U $k=7$
 c) $a=-4$ $b=2$ $h=3$ $k=5$
 d) $a=\frac{1}{3}$ $b=1$ $h=-1$ $k=0$

7. —
 8. a) $a=0.5 \rightarrow$ vert st., $b=-2 \rightarrow$ reflect in x, horst $\frac{1}{2}$, $h=-4$ L, $k=7$ u
 b) —
 c) $(x, y) \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2}x-4, 0.5y+7)$

9. years after 2011 | population

0	35000
1	$35000 + 35000(0.024)$ $35000(1+0.024)$ $35000(1.024)$
2	$1.024(35000(1.024))$
3	$1.024(1.024(35000(1.024)))$
x	$(1.024)^x(35000)$

a) —
 b \rightarrow c) $x=5$ pop = 39,406

10 mile	pressure
0	14.7
1	$0.08(14.7)$ $(100 - 20\% = 80\% = 0.8)$
2	$0.08(0.08(14.7))$
n	$0.08^n(14.7)$

b) $0.08^5(14.7) = 5 \text{ lb/in}^2$

7.3

1. a) $0.5 = \frac{1}{2} = 2^{-1}$ b) $32^{\frac{1}{2}} = (2^5)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 2^{\frac{5}{2}}$
 c) $512 = 2^9$ d) $(\frac{1}{16})^5 = (\frac{1}{2^4})^5 = (2^{-4})^5 = 2^{-20}$

2. a) $25 = 5^2$ b) $27 = 3^3$
 $\frac{1}{125} = \frac{1}{5^3} = 5^{-3}$ $\sqrt[3]{81} = (81)^{\frac{1}{3}} = (3^4)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 3^{4/3}$

c) $0.25 = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2^2} = 2^{-2}$ d) $6^{\frac{1}{3}}$
 $8 = 2^3$ $6^2 6^{\frac{1}{2}} = 6^{2\frac{1}{2}}$

3. a) $3^{4x}(3) = 27^{2x}$
 $3^{4x+1} = 3^{6x}$
 $4x+1 = 6x$
 $1 = 2x$
 $\frac{1}{2} = x$

b) $(\frac{4}{7})^{5x} = (\frac{4^3}{7^3})^{2x-1}$
 $= (\frac{4}{7})^{6x-3}$
 $5x = 6x - 3$
 $3 = x$

c) $3^{-2x} = \frac{3^{3x}}{3^{4x-2}}$
 $-2x = 3x - (4x - 2)$
 $-2x = 3x - 4x + 2$
 $-x = 2$
 $x = -2$

d) $2^{x-1} = (2^{7x})^{2^x}$
 $2^{x-1} = 2^{8x}$
 $x-1 = 8x$
 $-1 = 7x$
 $-\frac{1}{7} = x$

4. a) $2^{4x+4} = 2^{3-3x}$
 $4x+4 = 3-3x$
 $7x = -1$
 $x = -\frac{1}{7}$

b) $3^{3x+6} = 3^{-3+6x}$
 $3x+6 = -3+6x$
 $9 = 3x$
 $3 = x$

4c) $2^{3x-3} = 2^{-20+4x}$
 $3x-3 = -20+4x$
 $17 = x$

d) $6^{-3x+2} = 6^{2x+8}$
 $-3x+2 = 2x+8$
 $-6 = 5x$
 $-6/5 = x$

5a) $\frac{800}{500} = 1.03^t$
 $1.6 = 1.03^t$
 $1.03^{16} = 1.604$

b) $\frac{5}{200} = (\frac{1}{2})^{3t}$
 $0.025 = (\frac{1}{2})^{3t}$
 $0.292 = \frac{1}{2}^t$
 $0.5^2 = 0.25$
 $0.5^{1.75} = 0.297$

c) $3^t = 2^{t+4}$

$t=1$	$3 = 32$	
$t=4$	81	256
$t=8$	6561	4096
$t=6$	729	1024
$t=6.5$	1262.7	1448.2

d-

6a) $A = 3000 \left(1 + \frac{0.052}{2}\right)^{2t}$

b) $2500 \left(1 + \frac{0.04}{4}\right)^{4t}$

d) $8000 \left(1 + \frac{0.06}{12}\right)^{12t}$

d) $6500 \left(1 + 0.021\right)^t$

7. $8000 = 5000 \left(1 + \frac{0.072}{12}\right)^{12t}$

$1.6 = (1.006)^{12t}$
 $1.0399... = (1.006)^t$

$t=6 \rightarrow 1.0365...$
 $t=6.5 \rightarrow 1.0396...$

8. a) $3500 \left(1 + \frac{0.05}{2}\right)^8 = 4264.41$

b) $7000 = 3500 \left(1 + \frac{0.05}{2}\right)^{4t}$

$2 = (1.025)^{4t}$
 $1.189... = 1.025^t$ $t \approx 14$