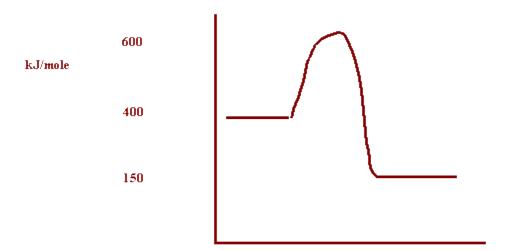
## Ws # 4 Potential Energy Diagrams Worksheet

1. Draw the PE diagram showing the PE changes that occur during a successful collision of the exothermic reaction:

The PE of the reactants = 400 KJ

The activation energy of the forward reaction = 200 KJ

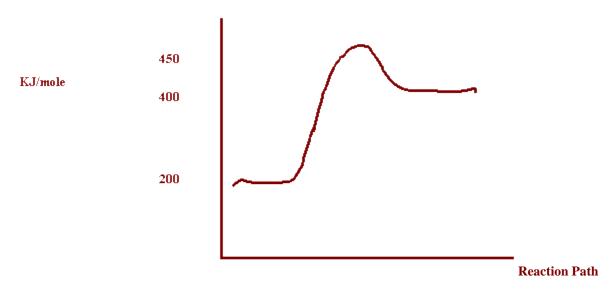


2. Draw the PE diagram showing the PE changes that occur during a successful collision of the endothermic reaction:

$$A + B + 200 \text{ KJ} \rightarrow C$$

The PE of the reactants = 200 KJ

The Activation Energy in the forward direction = 250 KJ



3. Write the following reaction in  $\Delta H$  notation.

A + B + 
$$200 \text{ kJ} \rightarrow \text{C}$$
  
A + B ----> C  $\Delta H = +200 \text{kJ}$ 

4. Write the following reaction in Standard Notation.

$$H_2 + I_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ HI} \quad \Delta H = -250 \text{ kJ}$$

$$H_2 + I_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{HI} + 250 \text{ kJ}$$

5. Write in Standard Notation.

$$2NI_3 + 3BaCl_2 \rightarrow 2NCl_3 + 3BaI_2 \Delta H = 175 kJ$$
  
 $2NI_3 + 3BaCl_2 + 175 kJ \rightarrow 2NCl_3 + 3BaI_2$ 

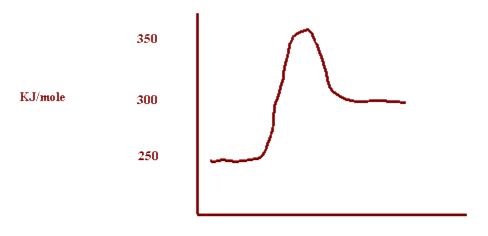
6. Write in  $\Delta H$  notation.

$$2AlBr_3 + 3BaF_2 \rightarrow 2AlF_3 + 3BaBr_2 + 276 kJ$$

$$2AlBr_3 + 3BaF_2 \rightarrow 2AlF_3 + 3BaBr_2 \qquad \Delta H = -267 kJ$$

Draw the potential energy diagram for the following reactions.

7. Potential energy of reactants = 250 kJ Potential Energy of activated complex = 350 kJ Potential Energy of the products = 300 kJ



Reaction Path

a) How does the potential energy change as the reaction proceeds? b) How does the kinetic energy change as the reaction proceeds? **Decreases** c) Is the reaction exothermic or endothermic?

d) What is the value of  $\Delta H$ ?

If a catalyst was added, what would happen to the energies of the:

e) Reactants?

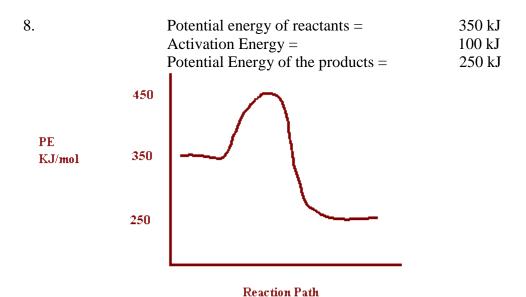
f) Products?

g) Activated Complex?

h) If a catalyst was added what would happen to the rate? Draw the potential energy diagram for the following reactions.

Increases **Endothermic**  $\Delta H = +50kJ$ 

**Nothing Nothing Decrease Increase** 



- a) How does the potential energy change as the reaction proceeds? **Decreases**
- b) How does the kinetic energy change as the reaction

proceeds? **Increases** c) Is the reaction exothermic or

endothermic?

d) What is the value of  $\Delta H$ ?  $\Delta H = -100 \text{kJ}$ 

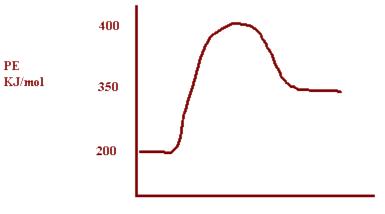
If the concentration of the reactants was increased, what would happen to the energies of the:

**Exothermic** 

- e) Reactants? **Nothing**
- f) Products? **Nothing**
- g) Activated Complex? **Nothing**
- h) What would happen to the rate? **Increase**

Draw the potential energy diagram for the following reactions.

9. Potential energy of reactants = 200 kJPotential Energy of activated complex = 400 kJ $\Delta H = 150 \text{ kJ}$ 



Reaction Path

- a) How does the potential energy change as the reaction proceeds? **Increases**
- b) How does the kinetic energy change as the reaction proceeds?

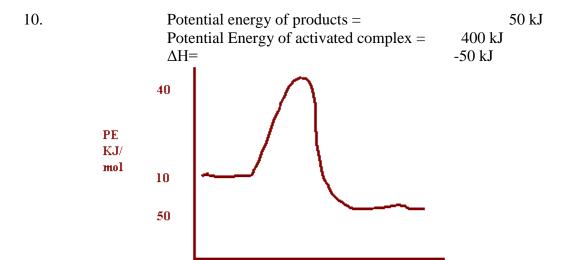
  Decreases
- c) Is the reaction exothermic or endothermic?

endothermic? Endothermic

d) What is the value of  $\Delta H$ ?  $\Delta H = 150 \text{ kJ}$ 

If the temperature was increased, what would happen to the energies of the:

- e) Reactants? **Nothing**
- f) Products? **Nothing**
- g) Activated Complex? **Nothing**
- h) What would happen to the rate? **Increase**



- a) How does the potential energy change as the reaction proceeds?

  b) How does the kinetic energy change as the reaction proceeds?

  Increases
- c) Is the reaction exothermic or endothermic? **Exothermic**
- d) What is the value of  $\Delta H$ ?  $\Delta H = -50kJ$

If the surface area of the reactants was increased, what would happen to the energies of the:

- e) Reactants? **Nothing**
- f) Products? **Nothing**
- g) Activated Complex? Nothing
- h) What would happen to the rate? **Increase**
- 11. What is the only thing, other than changing the reaction that will change the potential energy diagram? Describe how it will effect the diagram and the rate.

Catalyst Lowers Ea alloys more low energy collisions to be successful and increase the rate.



- 12. Label each interval on the potential energy diagram.
- a b c d e

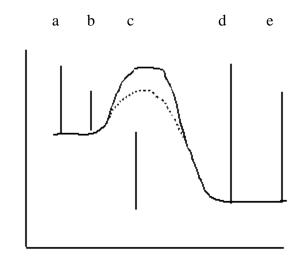
a) Ea (forward) (catalyzed)

PΕ

- b) Ea (reverse)(catalyzed)
- c) AH
- d) Ea (forward) (uncatalyzed)

Reaction Path

- e) Ea (reverse) (uncatalyzed)
- 12. Label each interval on the potential energy diagram.
- a) Ea (forward) (uncatalyzed)
- b) Ea (forward) (catalyzed)
- c) AH
- d) Ea (reverse) (uncatalyzed) PE
- e) Ea (reverse) (catalyzed)



Reaction Path