

Physics 11  
M. Lam

## Uniformly Accelerated Motion

Name:

Block:

1. An airplane increases its speed from 120 m/s to 160 m/s at the average rate of  $8.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ . How much time does it take for the complete increases in speed?
2. A car travelling 60.0 km/h accelerates at the rate of  $2.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ . How much time is required for the car to reach a speed of 90.0 km/h?
3. A ball is thrown upwards at a velocity of 20.0 m/s. What is its velocity after 3.0 s?
4. A flowerpot falls from a window 36.0 m above the ground.
  - a) How fast is it moving when it hits the ground?
  - b) How long did it take to hit the ground?
5. A Social Studies textbook is dropped out the window and takes 2.1 s to hit the ground. How high above the ground is the window?
6. A car goes from 40. m/s to 80. m/s in a distance of 200. m. What is its acceleration during this time?
7. A tennis ball is thrown upward and reaches a height of 99.0 m. What was the initial velocity of the ball?
8. An object travelling east goes from 14.0 m/s to 4.0 m/s in 10.0 s with constant acceleration. What is the acceleration?
9. A jet fighter plane is launched from a catapult on an aircraft carrier. After 2.0s, it reaches the end of the catapult with a speed of 42 m/s. Assuming the acceleration is constant, what is the length of the catapult?
10. A car with good tires on a dry road can decelerate at about  $5.0 \text{ m/s}^2$  when braking. If the car is travelling at 89.5 km/h,
  - a) how long does it take the car to stop under these conditions?
  - b) how far does the car travel during this time?
11. A bullet shot straight up returns to its starting point in 10.0 s. What was it's initial speed?
12. A ball is thrown straight up with a speed of 36 m/s. How long does it take to return to its starting point?
13. A brick is thrown downward with from the top of a building with an initial speed of 25 m/s. It strikes the ground after 2.0s. How high is the building?
14. A bullet moving horizontally with a speed of  $5.00 \times 10^2 \text{ m/s}$  strikes a sandbag and penetrates a distance of 10.0 cm.
  - a) What is the average acceleration of the bullet?
  - b) How long does it take for the bullet to come to rest?

15. A car decelerates uniformly and comes to a stop after 10.0 s. The car's average velocity during the negative acceleration was 15 m/s. What was the car's acceleration while slowing down?
16. A toy rocket is launched with an acceleration of  $10.0 \text{ m/s}^2$  upwards for 3.0 s. It then slows down with an acceleration of  $10.0 \text{ m/s}^2$  in the opposite direction until it reaches its maximum altitude. How high does it go?
17. A car, starting from rest, moves with constant acceleration of  $2.0 \text{ m/s}^2$  for 10.0 s, then travels with constant speed for another 10.0 s, and then finally slows to a stop with a constant acceleration of  $2.0 \text{ m/s}^2$  in the opposite direction. How far does it travel?
18. A car travelling  $30.0 \text{ m/s}$  is able to stop in a distance  $d$ . Assuming the same acceleration, what distance does this car require to stop when it is travelling twice as fast?
19. An object travels at  $4.0 \text{ m/s}$  for 25 s and then at  $20.0 \text{ m/s}$  for 15 s. What is the average speed?
20. A car starts from rest and accelerates uniformly at  $3.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ . A second car starts from rest 6.0 s later at the same point and accelerates uniformly at  $5.0 \text{ m/s}^2$ . How long does it take the second car to overtake the first car?