



What can the periodic table tell chemists about the atom?

Owning my learning: The learning intentions or goals for the unit are listed below. Completing this table can help you determine what you know and the level to which you know it. Place a check mark in the box that best describes your learning level at the beginning of the learning and after we have learned together. The columns are numbered 1 to 4 to indicate the following levels of proficiency:

- | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------------------------|---|------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Emerging | "I'm just getting started." | 2 | Developing | "I get some of it." |
| 3 | Accomplished | "I get it." | 4 | Extending | "I can teach a friend." |

Be honest with yourself as you complete the checklist to filter what you know from what you don't know and remember to study efficiently and effectively, study what you don't know.

I Can Describe:

1	2	3	4
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- Chemist's understanding of the atom from the work of Dalton, Thomson, Rutherford, and Bohr
- The location, mass and charge of the proton, neutron and electron
- Trends in the periodic table such as electronegativity, ionization energy, electron affinity, atomic radii, and ionic radii
- An isotope for an element in term of its number of protons, neutrons and electrons
- The Aufbau Principle, Hund's Rule and the Pauli Exclusion Principle as it applies to electron configurations
- The shielding effect
- The nature of ionic and covalent bonds
- Isomers of organic compounds

I Can Determine:

1	2	3	4
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- The average mass of an element when given the % of each isotope
- The % composition of isotopes for an element given the atomic mass and the isotopes
- Both ground state and abbreviated (noble gas) electron configurations
- Electron configurations for multivalent metals

I Can Create:

1	2	3	4
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A biocard outlining the contribution of a scientist to the field of chemistry

I Can Identify:

1	2	3	4
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Exceptions to the rules for stable electron configurations (Cu, Cr) for atoms

I Can Use:

1	2	3	4
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

The periodic table to determine the number of protons, neutrons and electron in an atom or ion

The words energy level, quantum, orbital, shell, and subshell correctly

Determine the electron configuration of an **atom** and document it correctly from the element's location on the periodic table

Determine the electron configuration of an **ion** and document it correctly from the element's location on the periodic table

A chemistry model set to construct models of organic compounds

I Can
Distinguish
Between:

1	2	3	4
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Mass number and atomic mass

An atom, ion and isotope

I Can Predict:

1	2	3	4
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

The number of valence electrons for an element from its electron configuration



Chemistry 11 – Mrs. Greig