

**APPRENTICESHIP AND WORKPLACE 11**  
**DATA SHEET**  
**FOR**  
**ACTIVATION TEST**

# APPRENTICESHIP AND WORKPLACE 11

## DATA SHEET

### UNIT CONVERSION

	Common Imperial	Imperial and SI	SI
<b>Length</b>	1 mile = 1760 yards 1 mile = 5280 feet 1 yard = 3 feet 1 yard = 36 inches 1 foot = 12 inches	1 mile $\approx$ 1.609 km 1 yard = 0.9144 m 1 foot = 30.48 cm 1 inch = 2.54 cm	1 km = 1000 m 1 m = 100 cm 1 cm = 10 mm
<b>Mass (Weight)</b>	1 ton = 2000 pounds 1 pound = 16 ounces	2.2 pounds $\approx$ 1 kg 1 pound $\approx$ 454 g 1 ounce $\approx$ 28.35 g	1 t = 1000 kg 1 kg = 1000 g
<b>Common Abbreviations</b>	mile = mi yard = yd feet = ' or ft inch = " or in ton = tn pound = lb ounce = oz		kilometre = km metre = m centimetre = cm millimetre = mm tonne (metric ton) = t gram = g

### FORMULAE

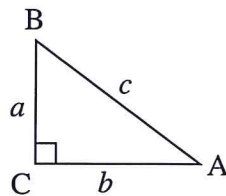
(Put your calculator in Degree Mode)

- Right triangles

$$\sin A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos A = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$



**Pythagorean Theorem**

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

distance = speed  $\times$  time

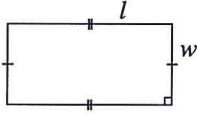
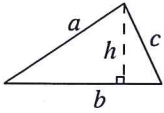
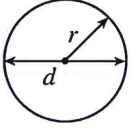
$$\frac{\%}{100} = \frac{IS}{OF}$$

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## DATA SHEET

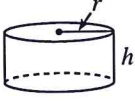
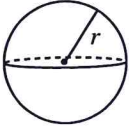
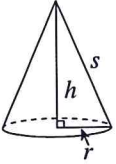
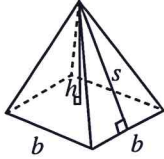
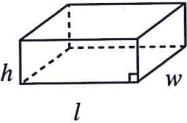
### GEOMETRIC FORMULAE

Key Legend	
$l$ = length	$P$ = perimeter
$w$ = width	$C$ = circumference
$b$ = base	$A$ = area
$h$ = height	$SA$ = surface area
$s$ = slant height	$V$ = volume
$r$ = radius	
$d$ = diameter	

Geometric Figure	Perimeter	Area
Rectangle 	$P = 2l + 2w$ or $P = 2(l + w)$	$A = lw$
Triangle 	$P = a + b + c$	$A = \frac{bh}{2}$
Circle 	$C = \pi d$ or $C = 2\pi r$	$A = \pi r^2$

# APPRENTICESHIP AND WORKPLACE 11

## DATA SHEET

Geometric Solid	Surface Area	Volume
Cylinder 	$A_{top} = \pi r^2$ $A_{base} = \pi r^2$ $A_{side} = 2\pi r h$ $SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h$	$V = (\text{area of base}) \times h$
Sphere 	$SA = 4\pi r^2$ <b>or</b> $SA = \pi d^2$	$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$
Cone 	$A_{side} = \pi r s$ $A_{base} = \pi r^2$ $SA = \pi r^2 + \pi r s$	$V = \frac{1}{3} \times (\text{area of base}) \times h$
Square-Based Pyramid 	$A_{triangle} = \frac{1}{2} b s$ (for each triangle) $A_{base} = b^2$ $SA = 2bs + b^2$	$V = \frac{1}{3} \times (\text{area of base}) \times h$
Rectangular Prism 	$SA = wh + wh + lw + lw + lh + lh$ <b>or</b> $SA = 2(wh + lw + lh)$	$V = (\text{area of base}) \times h$
General Right Prism	$SA = \text{the sum of the areas of all the faces}$	$V = (\text{area of base}) \times h$
General Right Pyramid	$SA = \text{the sum of the areas of all the faces}$	$V = \frac{1}{3} \times (\text{area of base}) \times h$

**APPRENTICESHIP AND WORKPLACE 11**  
**ACTIVATION TEST**

TO BE HANDED INTO  
**CONNECT ED**  
FOR MARKING

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Teacher: \_\_\_\_\_

School: \_\_\_\_\_

Total \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ %

APP AND WORK MATH 11  
ACTIVATION TEST

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Simplify.

1.  $-8 + 17 - 12 + 4$

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $12 - (25 - 21)$

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{9}{10}$

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4.  $\frac{30}{8} \cdot \frac{12}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{3}$

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $3^3$

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6.  $2^7$

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. Determine the square root of 36.

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. Simplify:  $\sqrt[3]{125}$

8. \_\_\_\_\_

Solve.

9.  $y + 5 = 9$

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10.  $3y - 5 = 16$

10. \_\_\_\_\_

11.  $\frac{a}{18} = \frac{1}{2}$

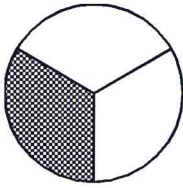
11. \_\_\_\_\_

12.  $\frac{12}{x} = \frac{48}{112}$

12. \_\_\_\_\_

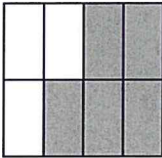
What percent of the diagram is shaded?

13.



13. \_\_\_\_\_

14.



14. \_\_\_\_\_

15. Find 50% of 22.

15. \_\_\_\_\_

16. Find 15% of 40.

16. \_\_\_\_\_

17. 60 is what percent of 75?

17. \_\_\_\_\_

18. 9 is what percent of 72?

18. \_\_\_\_\_

19. 16 is 50% of what number?

19. \_\_\_\_\_

20. 12 is 15% of what number?

20. \_\_\_\_\_



21. Convert the following.

$$32 \text{ m} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ cm}$$

21. \_\_\_\_\_

22.  $32.5 \text{ mm} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ m}$

22. \_\_\_\_\_

23.  $2 \text{ in} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ cm}$

23. \_\_\_\_\_

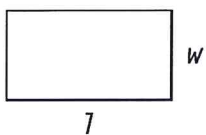
24.  $10,580 \text{ ft} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ mi} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ yd} \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ ft}$

24. \_\_\_\_\_

Find the perimeter.

25.  $l = 4 \text{ m}, w = 2 \text{ m}$

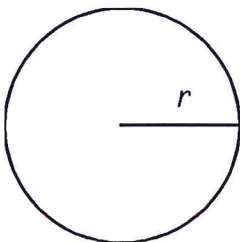
25. \_\_\_\_\_



Find the circumference.

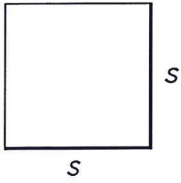
26.  $r = 10 \text{ m}$

26. \_\_\_\_\_



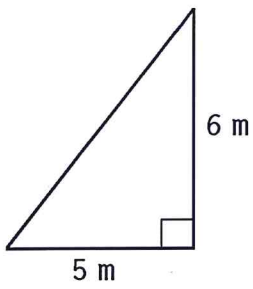
Find the area.

27.  $s = 3 \text{ cm}$



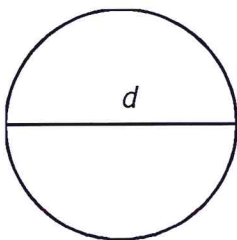
27. \_\_\_\_\_

28.



28. \_\_\_\_\_

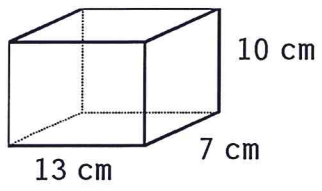
29.  $d = 12 \text{ ft}$



29. \_\_\_\_\_

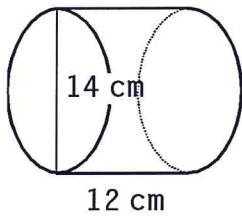
Find the surface area.

30.



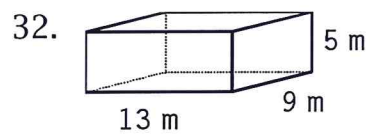
30. \_\_\_\_\_

31.

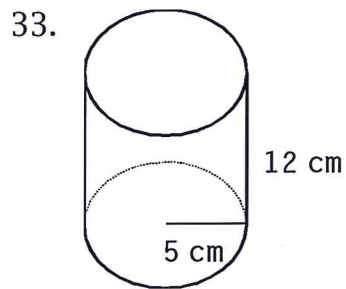


31. \_\_\_\_\_

Find the volume.



32. \_\_\_\_\_



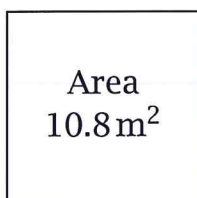
33. \_\_\_\_\_

34. Given the volume of a cube is  $216 \text{ cm}^3$ , determine the surface area of the cube.

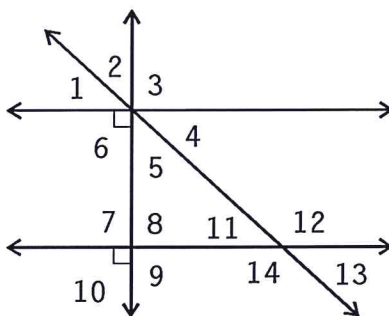
34. \_\_\_\_\_

35. What is the perimeter of this square to one decimal place.

35. \_\_\_\_\_



Refer to the diagram to answer the questions.



36.  $\angle 12$  and  $\angle 14$  are \_\_\_\_\_ angles.

36. \_\_\_\_\_

37.  $\angle 11$  and  $\angle 4$  are \_\_\_\_\_ angles.

37. \_\_\_\_\_

38.  $\angle 11$  and  $\angle 12$  are \_\_\_\_\_ angles.

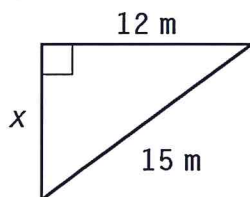
38. \_\_\_\_\_

39.  $\angle 4$  and  $\angle 12$  are \_\_\_\_\_ angles.

39. \_\_\_\_\_

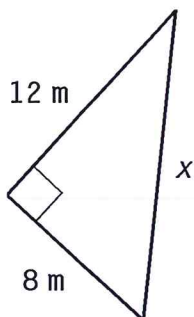
Find the length of the missing side.

40.



40. \_\_\_\_\_

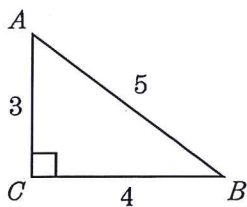
41.



41. \_\_\_\_\_

42. Find  $\sin \angle A$ .

42. \_\_\_\_\_



43. Find  $\tan \angle B$ .

43. \_\_\_\_\_

44. Find  $\tan 42.4^\circ$ .

44. \_\_\_\_\_

45. If  $\sin \angle A = 0.5592$ , find  $\angle A$  to the nearest degree.

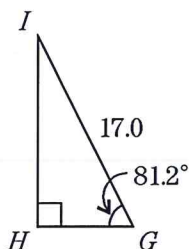
45. \_\_\_\_\_

46. If  $\tan \angle F = 3.078$ , find  $\angle F$  to the nearest degree.

46. \_\_\_\_\_

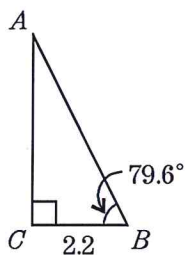
47. Find GH to the nearest tenth.

47. \_\_\_\_\_



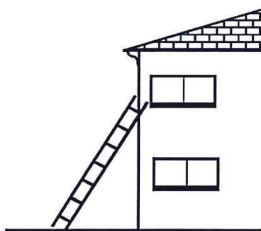
48. Find AB to the nearest tenth.

48. \_\_\_\_\_



49. A 12 foot long ladder reaches a point 6 feet high on a house. What angle does the ladder form with the house?

49. \_\_\_\_\_



50. A wire 5.2 meters long is attached to the top of a flagpole 4.8 meters long. Approximately what is the measure of the angle the wire makes with the ground? Round your answer to the nearest tenth of a degree.

50. \_\_\_\_\_

