

A) QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS 1 - complete Q's 2 to 6, 7a

1. a) Make a table of values and graph each parabola on the same grid for $-5 \leq x \leq 5$.

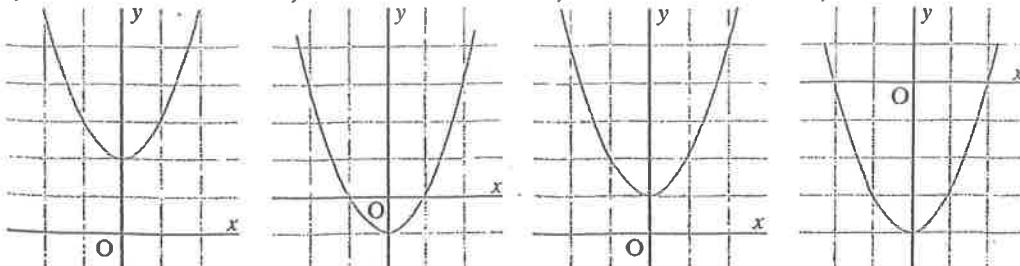
$$y = x^2 \quad y = x^2 + 4 \quad y = x^2 + 7$$

$$y = x^2 - 2 \quad y = x^2 - 5 \quad y = x^2 + 1$$

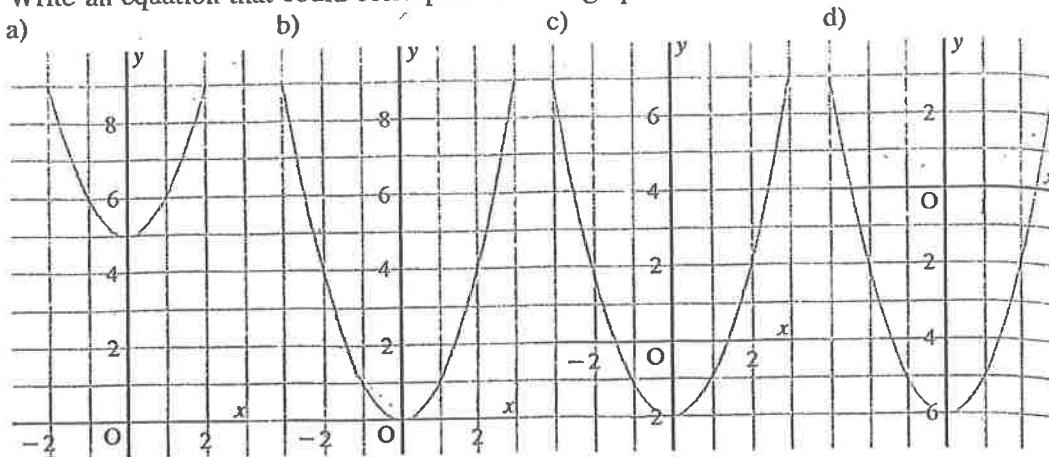
- b) Describe the effect of various values of q on the graph of $y = x^2 + q$.

2. Which graph best represents each equation?

- a) $y = x^2 + 1$ b) $y = x^2 - 4$ c) $y = x^2 - 1$ d) $y = x^2 + 2$
 i) ii) iii) iv)



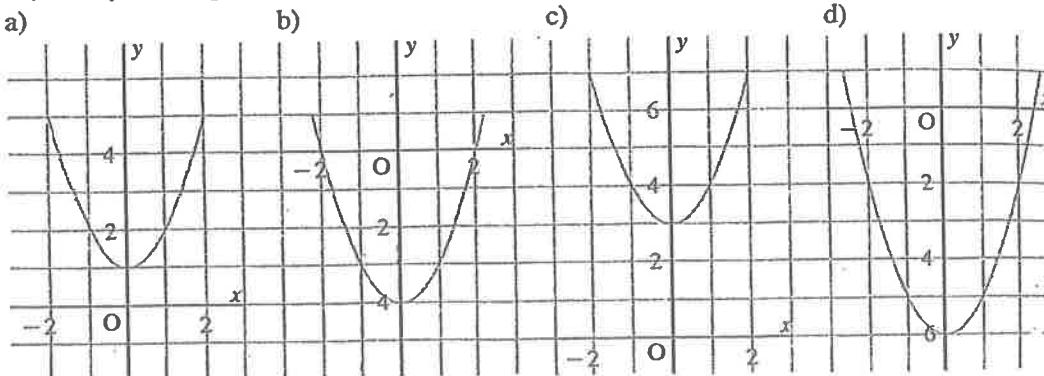
3. Write an equation that could correspond to each graph.



4. For each parabola state:

- i) the direction of opening
 iii) the y -intercept

- ii) the coordinates of the vertex
 iv) the x -intercepts (if any).



B)

5. For each parabola state:

- i) the direction of opening ii) the coordinates of the vertex
 iii) the y -intercept iv) the x -intercepts (if any).
- a) $y = x^2 + 5$ b) $y = x^2 - 3$ c) $y = x^2 + 2$ d) $y = x^2 + 4$

6. Sketch each set of graphs on the same grid.

- a) $y = x^2 - 2$ b) $y = x^2 + 1$ c) $y = x^2 + 4$
 b) $y = x^2 - 1$ b) $y = x^2 - 3$ c) $y = x^2 + 2$

7. Find the equation of each parabola.

- a) with vertex $(0, 2)$ through $(-3, 11)$
 b) with vertex $(0, -9)$ and x -intercepts ± 3
 c) with vertex $(0, 5)$ through $(2, 9)$

QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS 2 - Complete Q's 3 to 8, 10a

1. Sketch each set of graphs on the same grid.

a) $y = x^2$ b) $y = (x - 2)^2$ c) $y = (x + 3)^2$

d) $y = x^2$ e) $y = (x + 3)^2$ f) $y = (x - 6)^2$

g) $y = x^2$ h) $y = (x - 4)^2$ i) $y = (x + 6)^2$

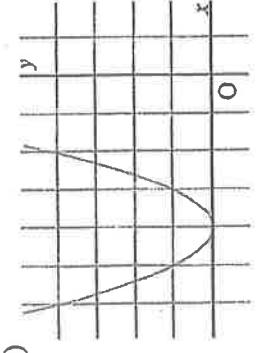
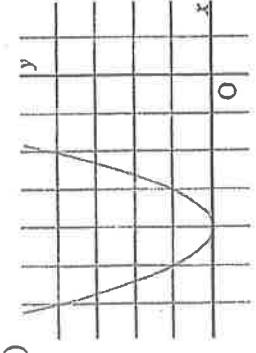
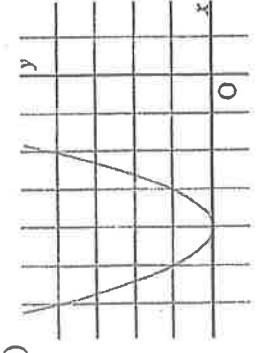
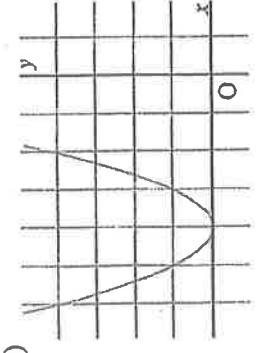
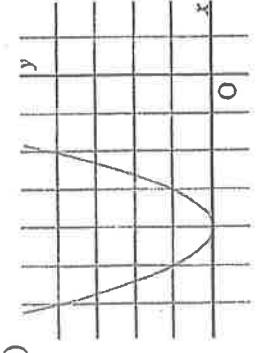
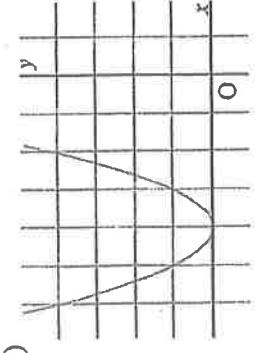
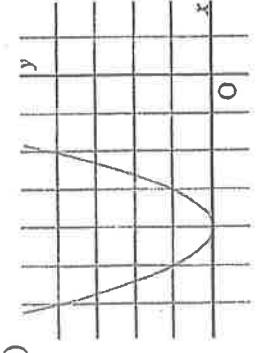
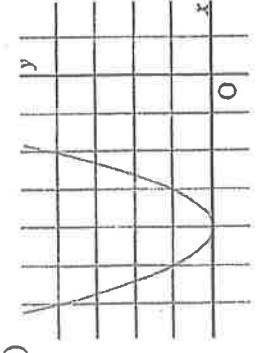
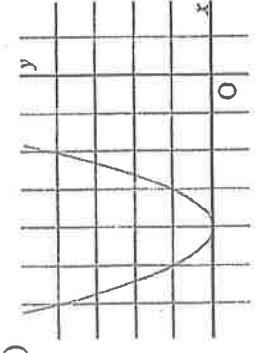
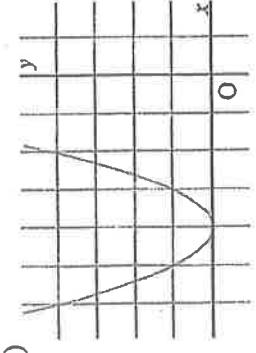
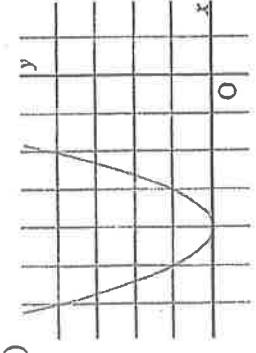
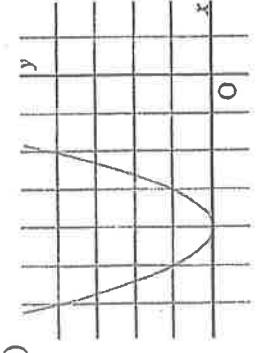
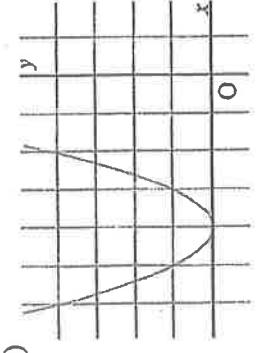
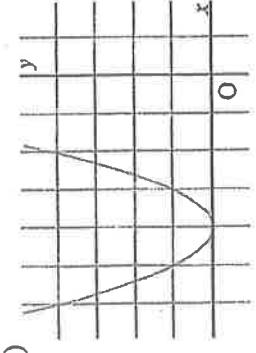
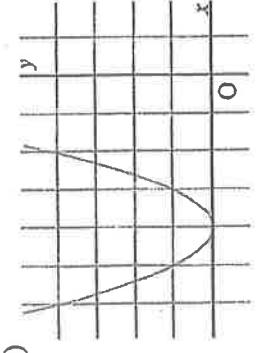
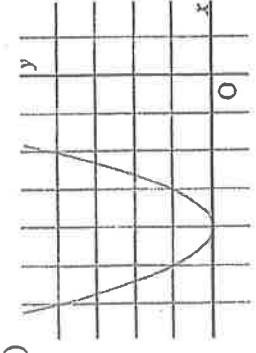
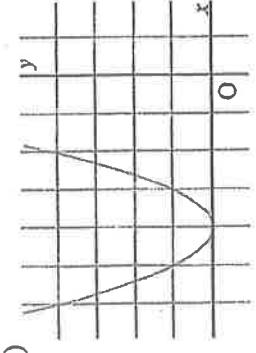
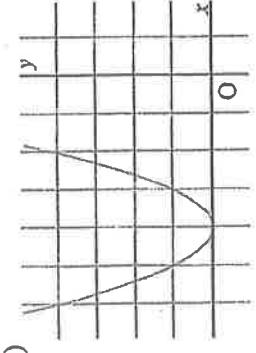
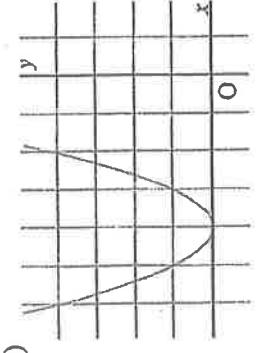
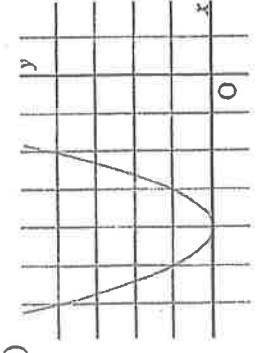
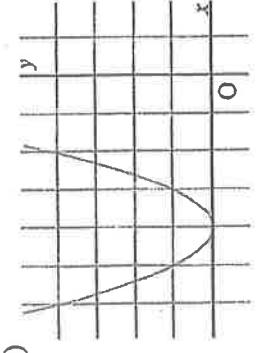
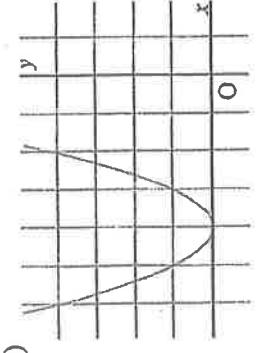
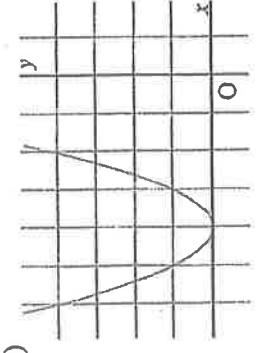
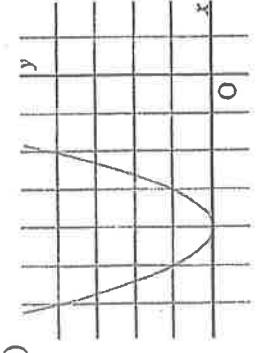
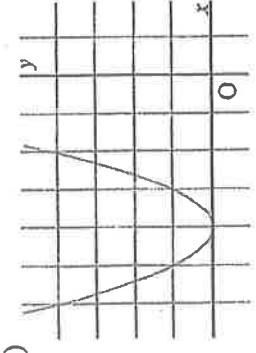
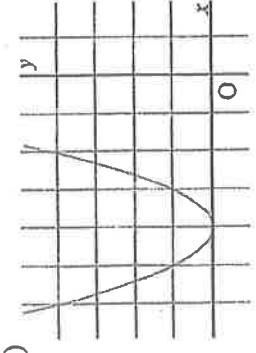
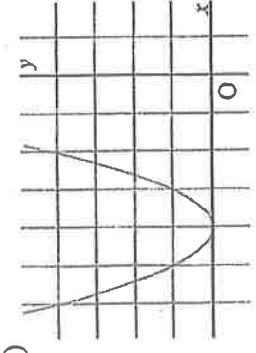
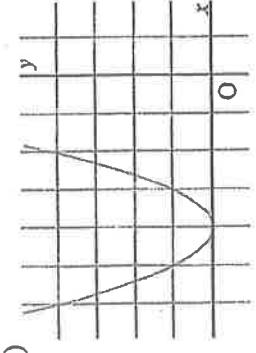
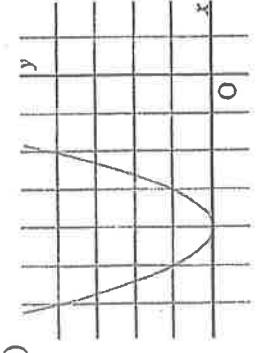
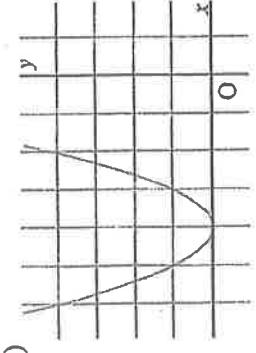
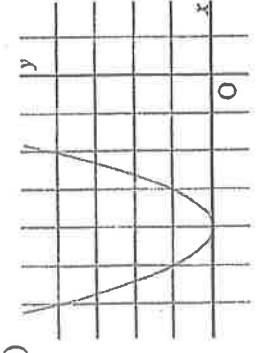
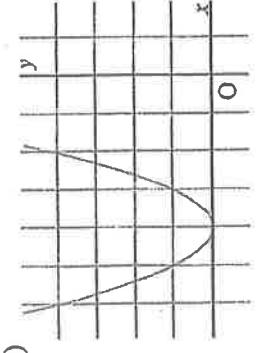
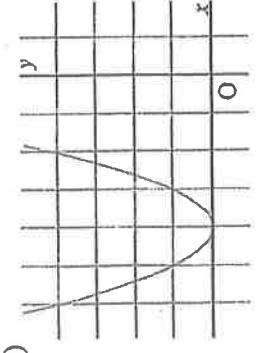
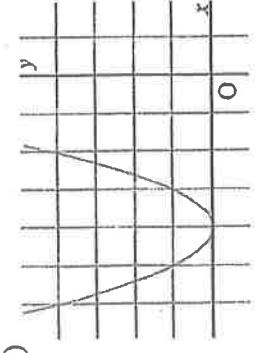
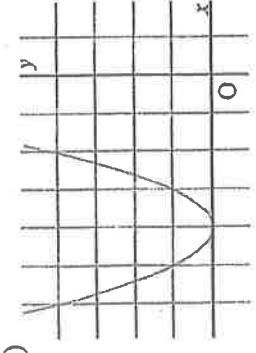
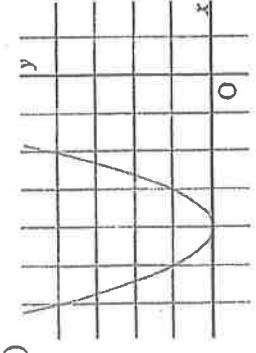
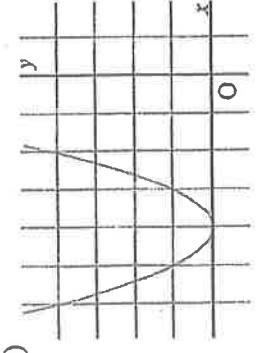
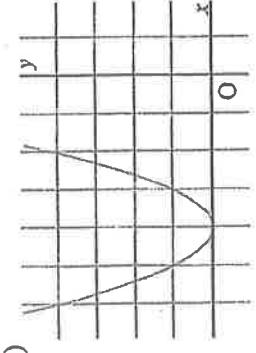
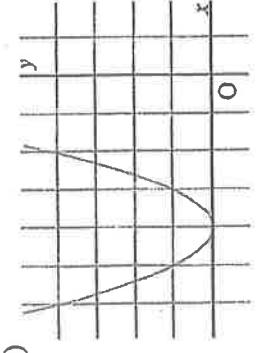
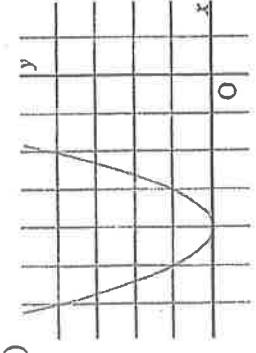
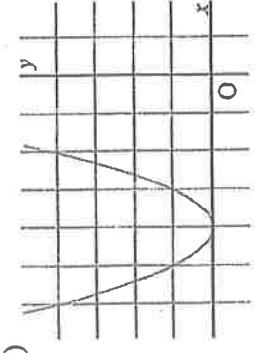
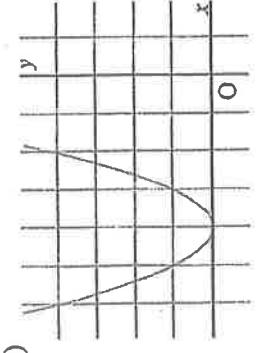
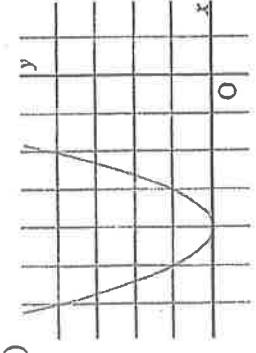
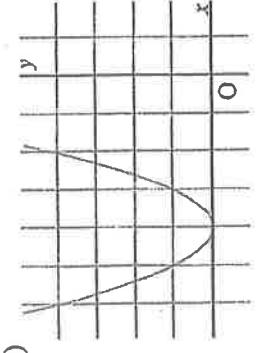
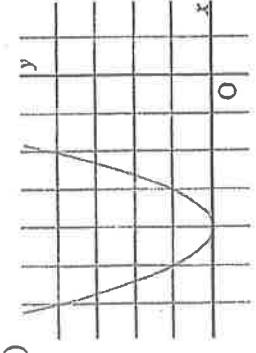
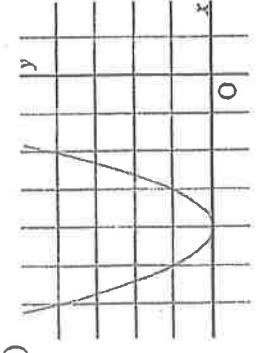
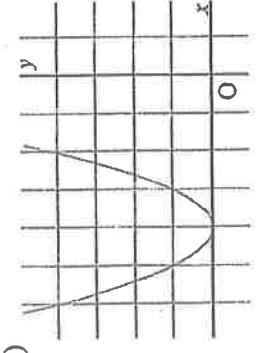
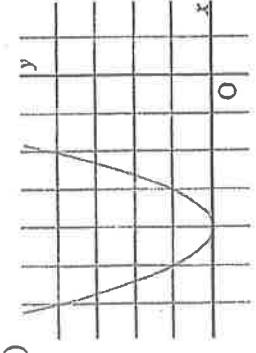
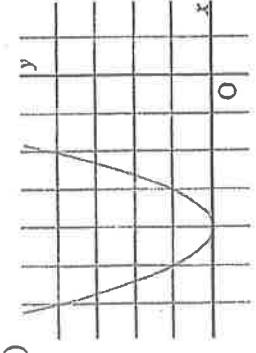
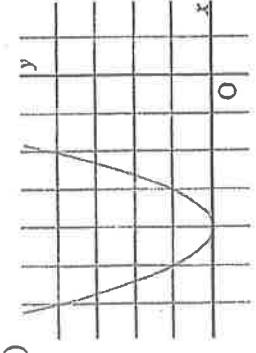
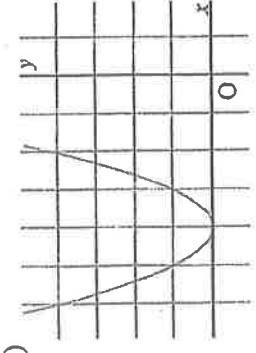
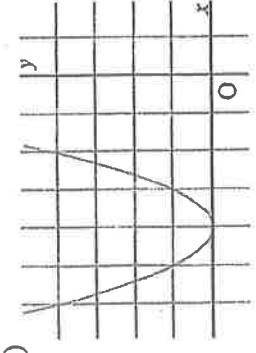
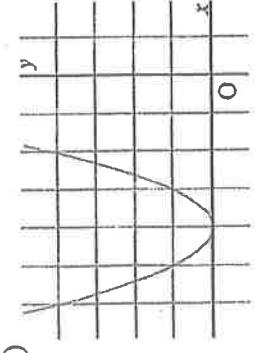
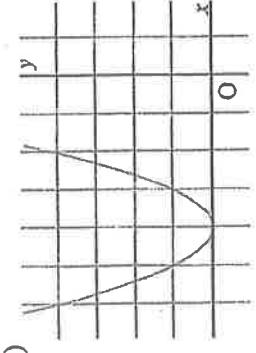
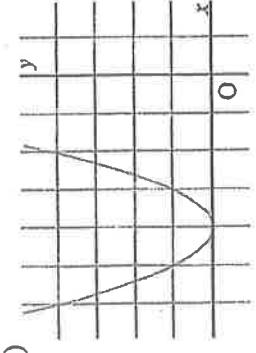
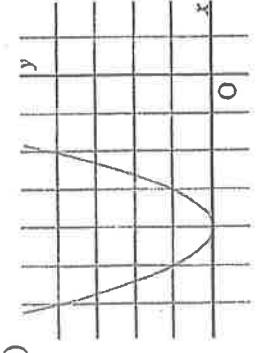
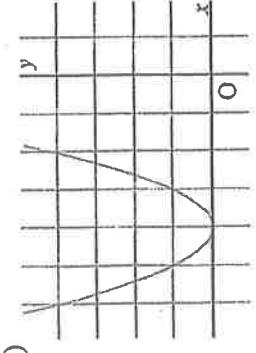
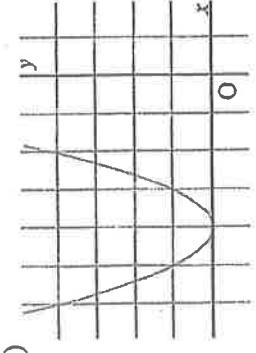
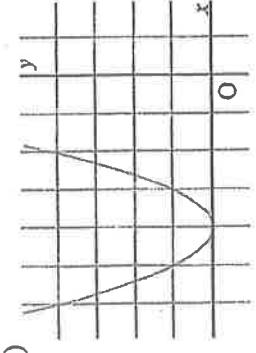
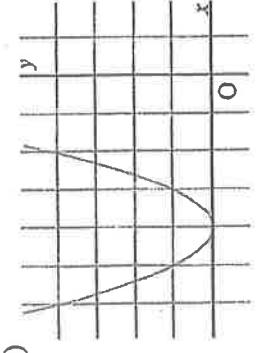
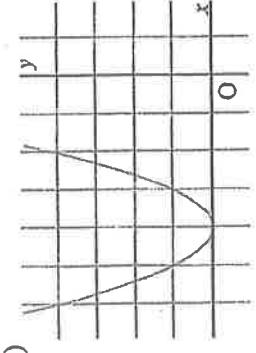
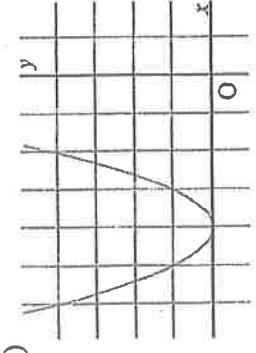
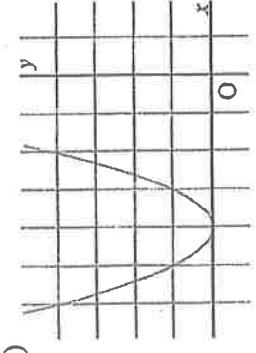
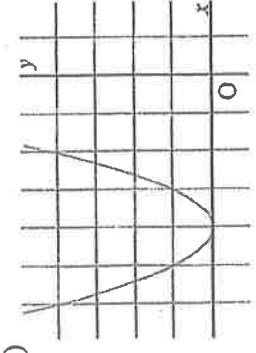
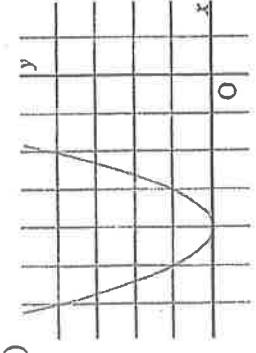
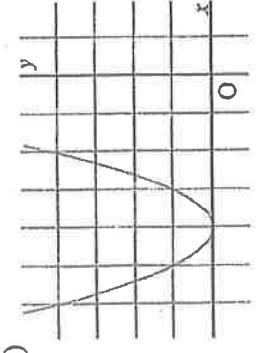
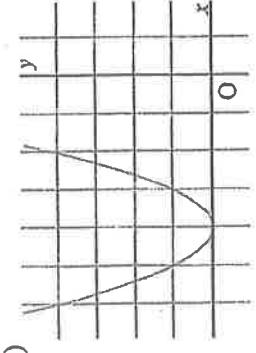
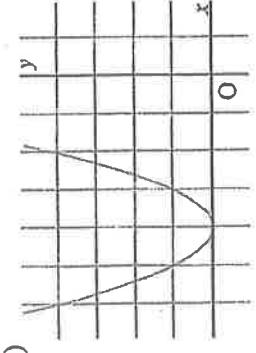
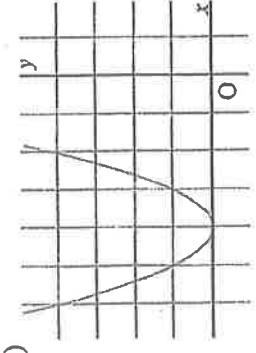
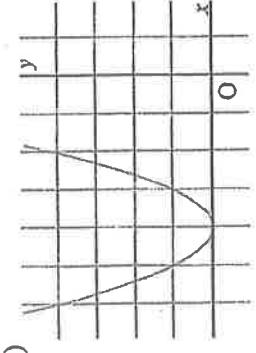
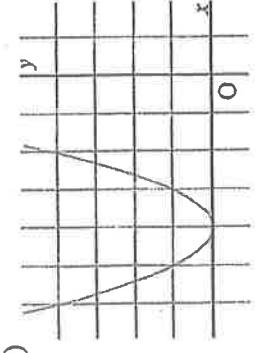
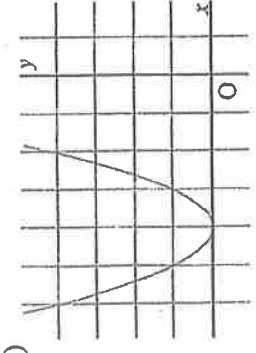
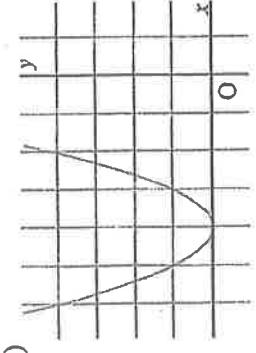
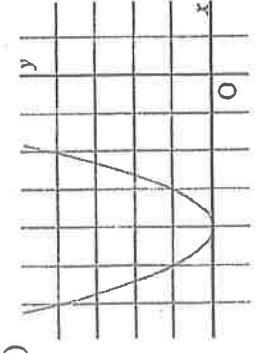
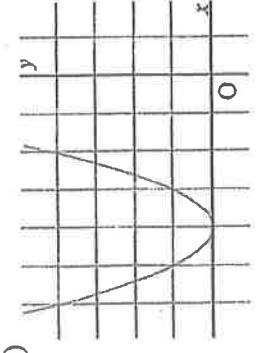
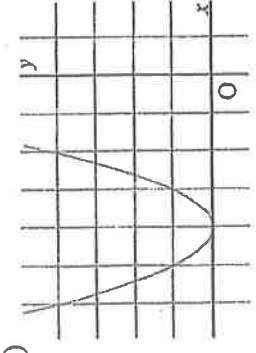
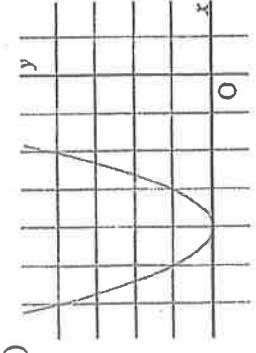
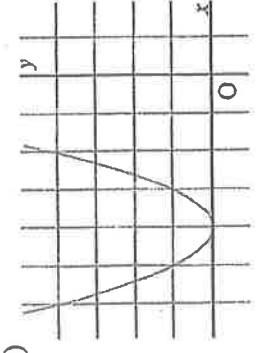
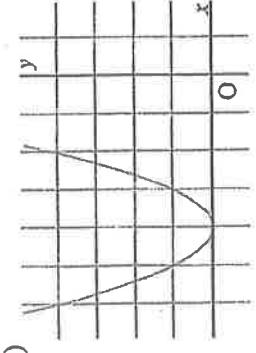
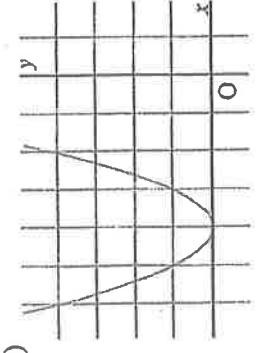
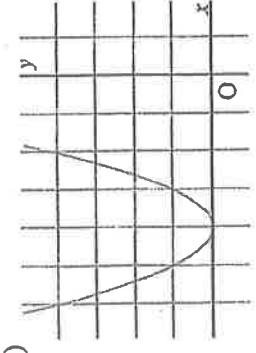
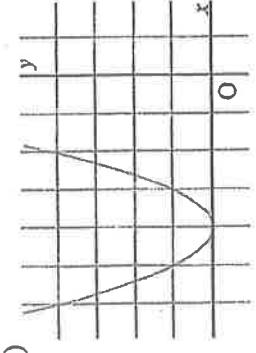
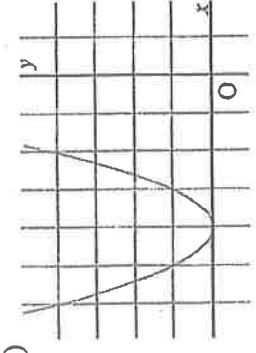
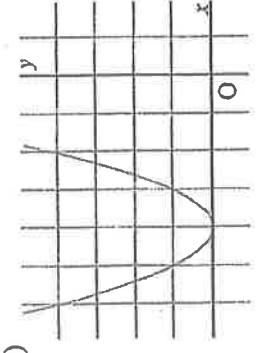
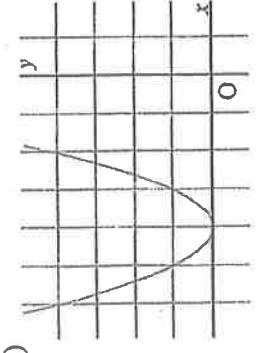
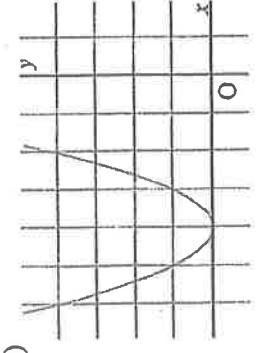
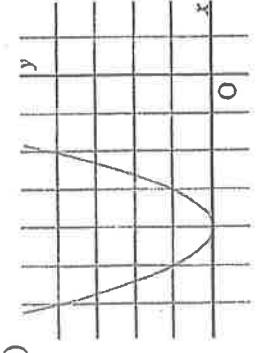
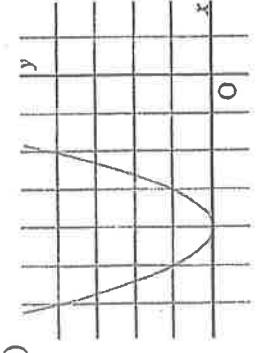
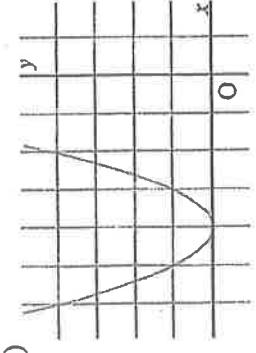
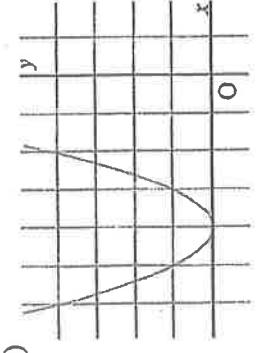
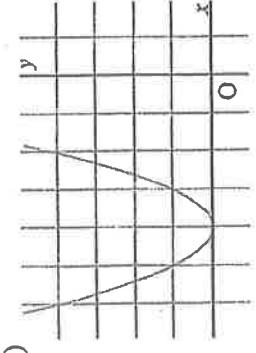
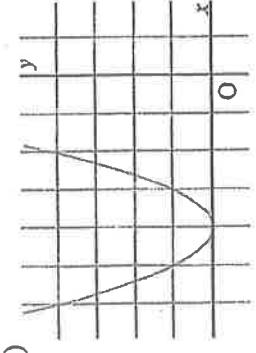
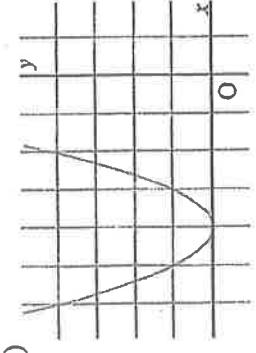
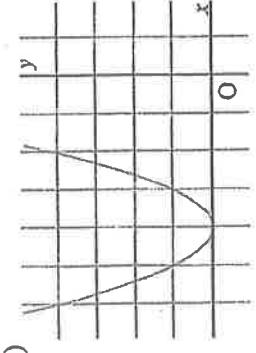
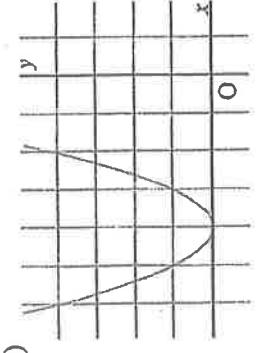
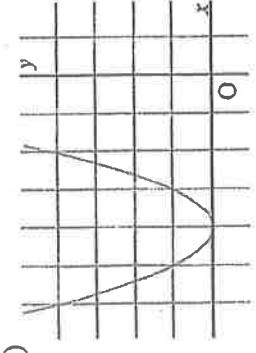
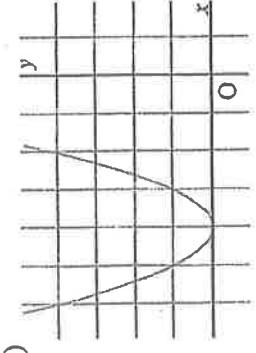
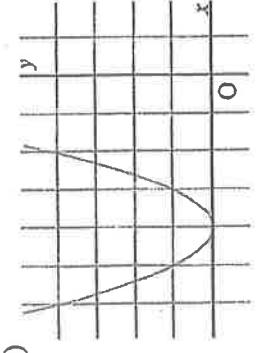
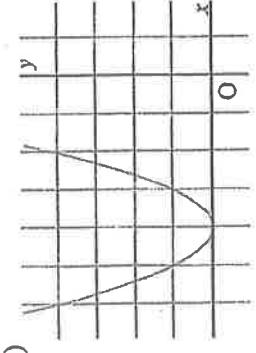
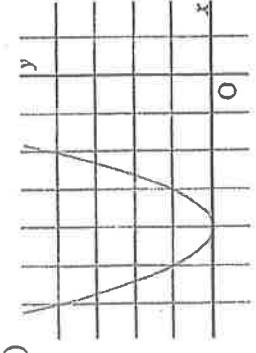
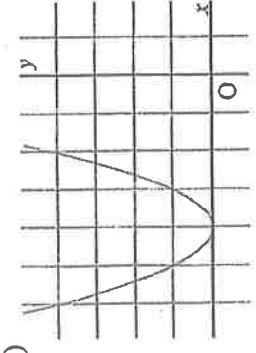
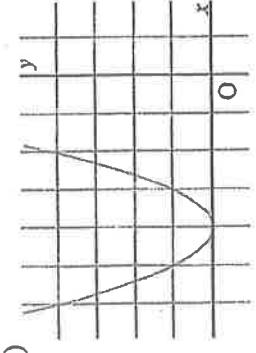
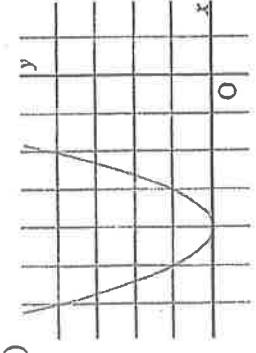
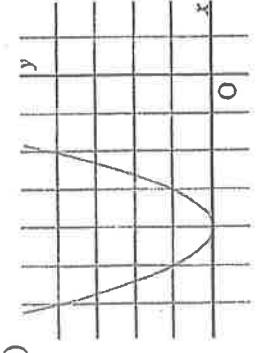
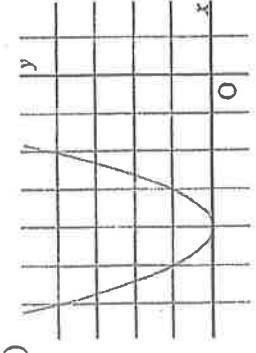
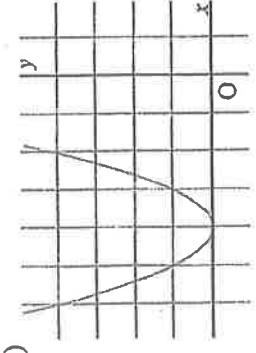
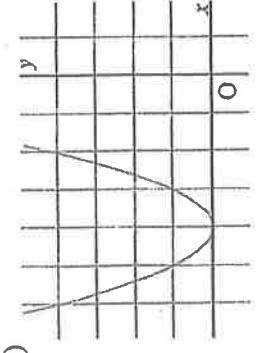
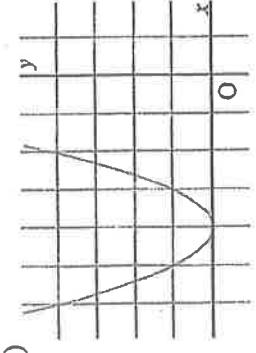
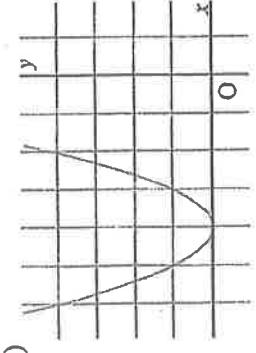
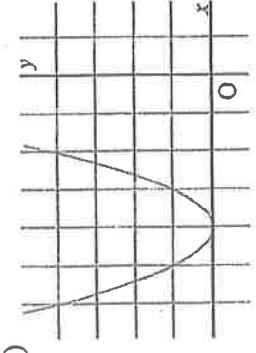
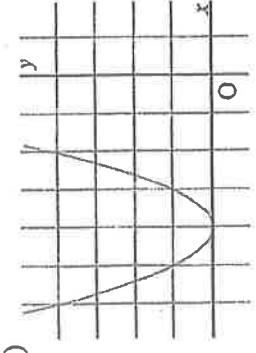
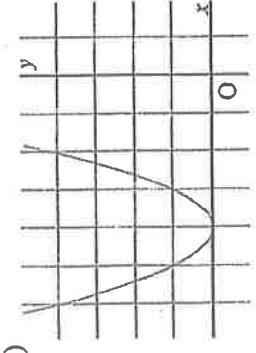
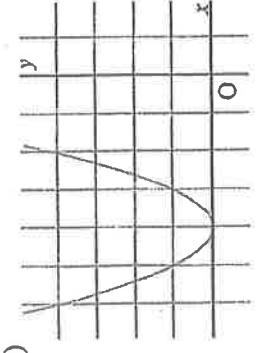
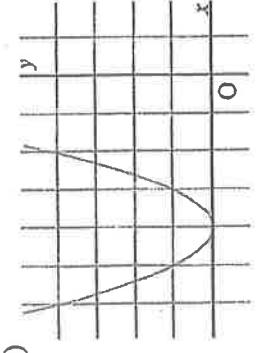
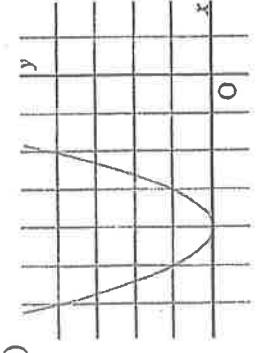
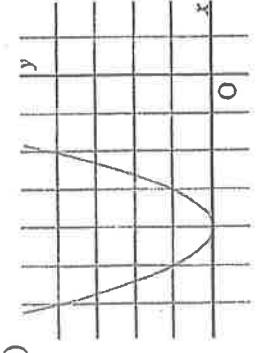
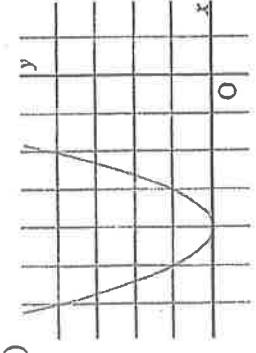
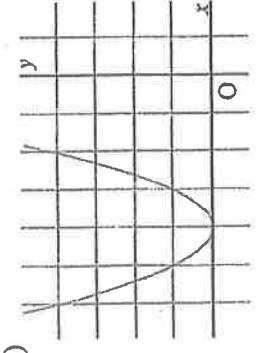
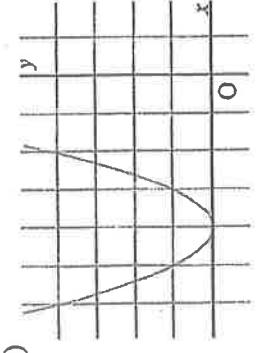
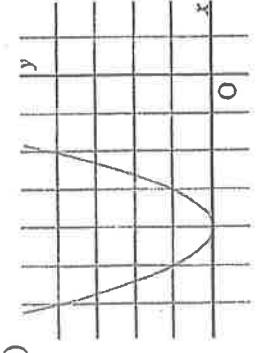
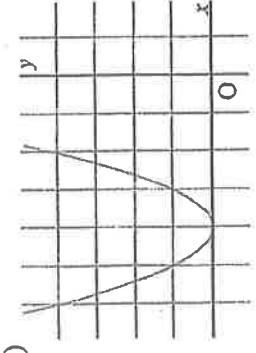
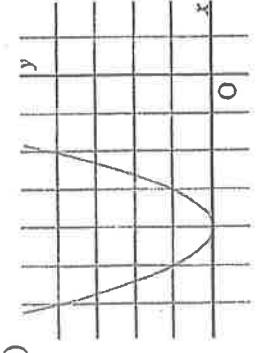
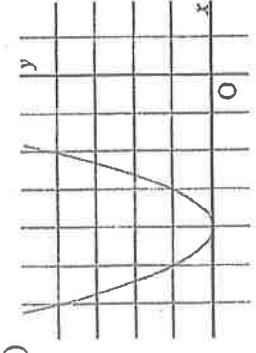
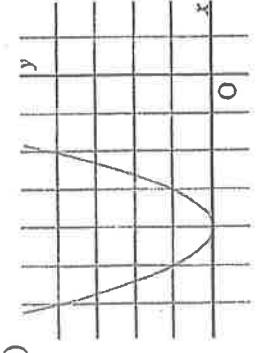
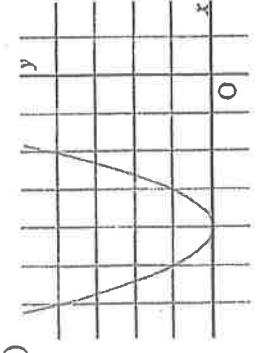
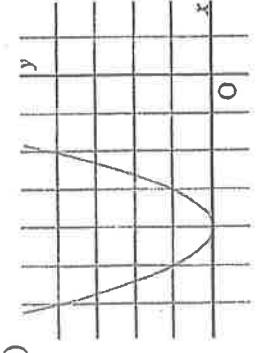
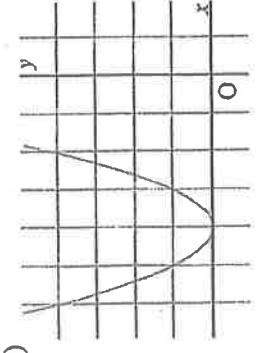
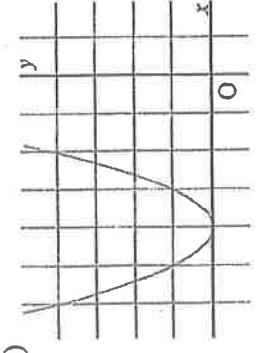
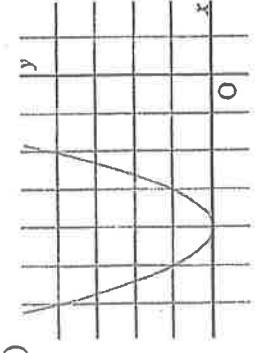
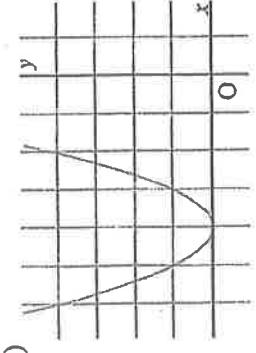
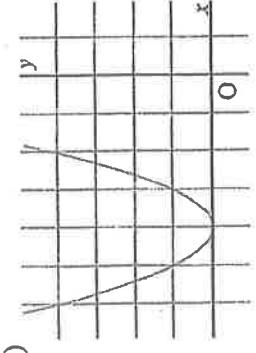
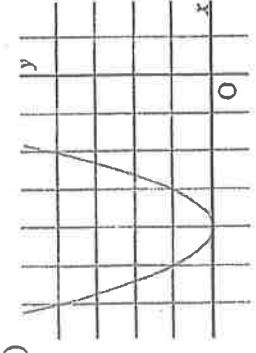
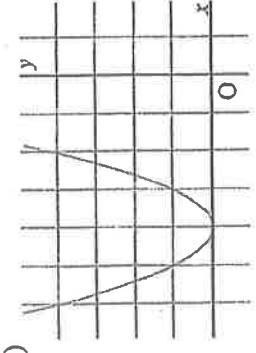
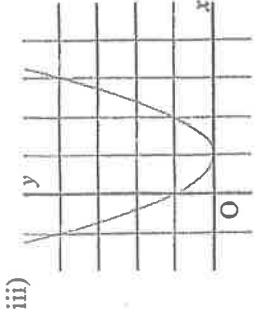
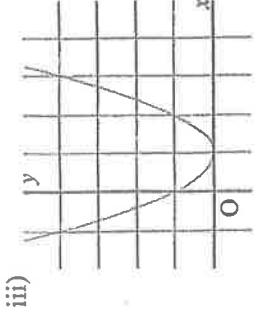
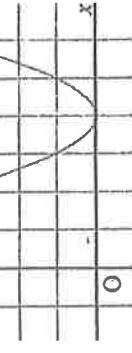
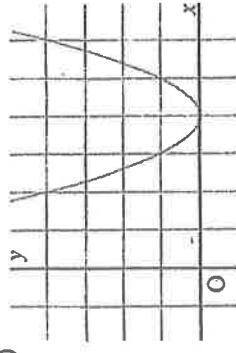
2. Compare the graphs of $y = x^2$ and $y = (x - p)^2$ when:

a) $p < 0$
b) $p > 0$.

3. Which graph best represents each equation?

a) $y = (x - 1)^2$ b) $y = (x + 2)^2$

c) $y = (x + 4)^2$ d) $y = (x - 4)^2$



① QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS 3 - complete Q's 1 to 3

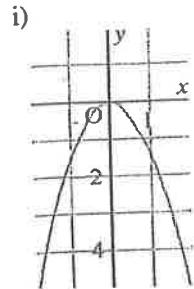
(A) 1. a) Make a table of values and graph the equations on the same grid for $-5 \leq x \leq 5$.

$$y = x^2 \quad y = 3x^2 \quad y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \quad y = -x^2 \quad y = -\frac{1}{3}x^2 \quad y = -4x^2$$

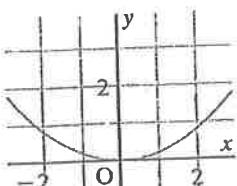
b) Describe the effect on the graph of $y = ax^2$ as the value of a varies.

2. Which graph best represents each equation?

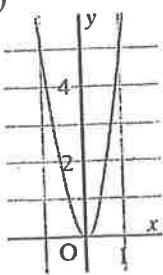
a) $y = 5x^2$



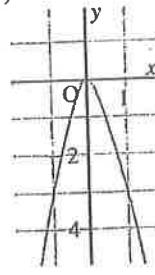
b) $y = 0.2x^2$



c) $y = -1.5x^2$



d) $y = -3x^2$



(B) 3. Sketch each set of parabolas on the same grid.

a) $y = x^2$ $y = 3x^2$ $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2$

b) $y = x^2$ $y = -x^2$ $y = 5x^2$ $y = -3x^2$

c) $y = 2x^2$ $y = \frac{3}{4}x^2$ $y = -1.5x^2$ $y = -4x^2$

d) $y = -2x^2$ $y = \frac{1}{4}x^2$ $y = 2.5x^2$ $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2$

4. Find the equation of the parabola with vertex $(0, 0)$ which passes through each point.

a) $(3, 18)$ b) $(4, -16)$ c) $(6, -9)$ d) $(2, 24)$

5. Find the equation of the parabola with vertex $(0, 0)$ which passes through each point.

a) $(2, -10)$ b) $(3, 5)$ c) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$ d) $(-\sqrt{2}, -6)$

(C) 6. The line $3x - y - 3 = 0$ is tangent to a parabola which has vertex $(0, 0)$ and axis of symmetry the y -axis. Find the equation of the parabola.