

## 3.2

Wednesday, November 20, 2019 8:27 AM

**3.2 FACTORING POLYNOMIAL EXPRESSIONS**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Blk: \_\_\_\_\_

**New Skill #1: Factoring trinomials with RATIONAL coefficients**

- **Factor out** the decimal place or the denominator first
- You are not **'multiplying' the decimal/fraction away**... you are **factoring it out**

- Example: Factor  $(0.3x^2 - 1.3x - 1)$

Factor out 0.1 or  $\frac{1}{10}$ 

$$0.1(3x^2 - 13x - 10) \text{ factor this!}$$

$$0.1(3x^2 - 15x + 2x - 10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} -15 \times 2 &= -30 \\ -15 + 2 &= -13 \end{aligned}$$

$$0.1[3x(x-5) + 2(x-5)]$$

$$\boxed{0.1(x-5)(3x+2)}$$

- Example: Factor  $(x^2 - \frac{17}{3}x - 2)$  Factor out  $\frac{1}{3}$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3x^2 - 17x - 6)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(3x^2 - 18x + x - 6)$$

$$-18 \times 1 = -18$$

$$-18 + 1 = -17$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{3}(x-6)(3x+1)}$$

$$4x^2 + 2x \rightarrow 2x(x+1)$$

New Skill #2: Factoring trinomials with binomial terms

• Example: <sup>binomial</sup>  
 Factor:  $3(2x + 5)^2 + 10(2x + 5) - 8$

↓ Sub  $(2x + 5) = y$

$$\frac{3y^2 + 10y - 8}{\text{Factor}} \quad \begin{array}{l} -x = -24 \\ -+ = 10 \end{array}$$

↓ Sub  $y = (2x + 5)$  and simplify

$$\frac{(2x + 5 + 4)(3(2x + 5) - 2)}{(2x + 9)(6x + 15 - 2)}$$

$$\boxed{(2x + 9)(6x + 13)}$$

• Example:  
 Factor:  $6(3x - 4)^2 - 21(3x - 4) + 15$

↓ Sub  $(3x - 4) = y$

$$\frac{6y^2 - 21y + 15}{\text{Factor}} \rightsquigarrow 3(2y^2 - 7y + 5)$$

↓ Sub  $y = (3x - 4)$  and simplify

$$\frac{3(2(3x - 4) - 5)(3x - 4 - 1)}{3(6x - 13)(3x - 5)}$$

$$\boxed{3(6x - 13)(3x - 5)}$$

Factoring Using Difference of Squares.

RECALL  $a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$ 

$$25x^2 - 4x^2$$

$$(5x - 2x)(5x + 2x)$$

• Example:

Factor:  $(3x + 4)^2 - (2y - 1)^2$

$$\downarrow \text{Sub } \begin{array}{l} (3x + 4) = a \\ (2y - 1) = b \end{array}$$

$$\frac{a^2 - b^2}{}$$

$$\downarrow \text{Factor}$$

$$\frac{(a + b)(a - b)}{}$$

$$\downarrow \text{Sub } \begin{array}{l} a = (3x + 4) \\ b = (2y - 1) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{[(3x + 4) + (2y - 1)][(3x + 4) - (2y - 1)]}{(3x + 2y + 3)(3x - 2y + 5)}$$

YOU TRY

• Example:

Factor:  $32(x + 2)^2 - 18(2y - 3)^2$

$$\downarrow \text{Sub } \begin{array}{l} (x + 2) = a \\ (2y - 3) = b \end{array}$$

$$\frac{32a^2 - 18b^2}{2(16a^2 - 9b^2)}$$

*Now we have perfect squares!*

*factor your diff. of squares.*

$$\downarrow \text{Factor}$$

$$2(4a + 3b)(4a - 3b)$$

$$\downarrow \text{Sub } \begin{array}{l} a = (x + 2) \\ b = (2y - 3) \end{array}$$

$$2[4(x + 2) + 3(2y - 3)][4(x + 2) - 3(2y - 3)]$$

$$2(4x - 6y + 17)(4x + 6y - 1)$$

p. 194 - #3-6, 9-13, 15, 16, 18 (every other letter)

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Assignment: