

# 6.4 the distributive property

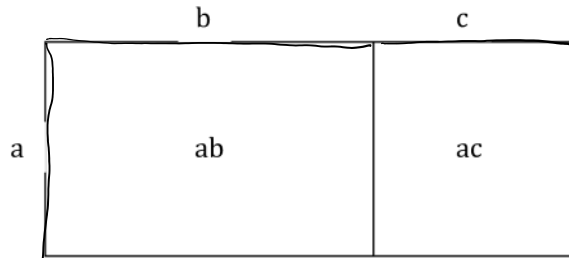
Tuesday, February 2, 2016 8:43 AM

**Unit 6: Linear Equations and Graphing**

**6.4 The Distributive Property Notes**

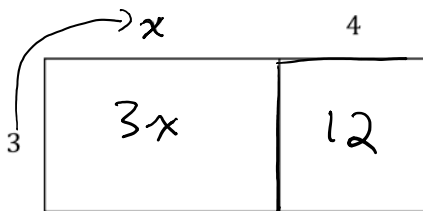
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The distributive property says that  $a(b+c) = ab+ac = ba+ca$



To multiply  $3(x+4)$ :

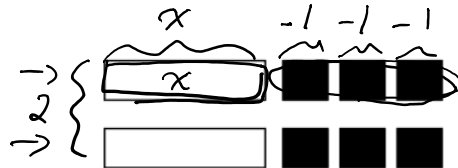
Draw a rectangle diagram.



$3(x+4) = 3x + 12$

To multiply  $2(x-3)$ :

Use algebra tiles.



$2(x-3) = 2x - 6$

We can solve these questions using symbols only. It is known as the *rainbow method*.

Example:

$5(x+6)$   
 $= 5(x) + 5(6)$   
 $= 5x + 30$

$-2(x-4)$   
 $= -2(x) + (-2)(-4)$   
 $= -2x + 8$

Try These:

1.  $3(x+9)$   
 $= 3(x) + 3(9)$   
 $= 3x + 27$

~~$2. 3(x+9)$~~   
 $= 4(-x-6)$   
 $= 4(-x) + 4(-6)$   
 $= -4x - 24$   
 ~~$-4x - 24$~~

3.  $-5(x-10)$   
 $= -5(x) + (-5)(-10)$   
 $= -5x + 50$

Assignment due Monday p. 342 #4a, 7bdfhj, 8bdfhj,

10, 12aceg, 14, 18a

Course planning sheets due